WHITEOAK INDIA BUSINESS LEADERS PMS

February 2023

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

THE ART AND SCIENCE OF INVESTING

CONFIDENTIAL- DO NOT REPRODUCE

These materials are provided solely on the basis of request received from the recipient and it should not be construed as an investment advice and form a primary basis for any person's or investor's investment decisions. See the important disclaimer at the end of this presentation.



- i. Corporate Profile of WhiteOak Capital Group
- ii. Investment Culture, Team Structure and Portfolio Construction
- iii. Established Leaders : Investing Landscape in India
- iv. Emerging Leaders : Investing Landscape in India
- v. WhiteOak India Business Leaders PMS
- vi. Investment Case for Indian Equities
- vii. Appendix

WhiteOak Capital Group





Details as on 28th February 2023.

This map is used for design and representational purpose only, It does not depict the exact geographical boundaries of the country (map not to scale).

Strictly private & confidential. Do not reproduce or distribute.

Founder's Profile and Track Record





Prashant Khemka Founder 2000 Prashant joined Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM) in the US Growth Equity Team Became Senior PM and Co-Chair of the Investment Committee on the US Growth Equity team which 2004 managed US\$25 bn 2006 Returned to Mumbai to start GSAM India business, where he served as CIO and CEO / Co-CEO until 2013 2013 Moved to Singapore as CIO and Lead PM of both India and Global Emerging Markets 2017 Founded WhiteOak Capital Group Prashant is **AA rated by Citywire** based on the three year risk-adjusted **Extensive investing record across India**, AA performance across all funds he is managing to 31st January 2022 Global Emerging Market (GEM) and the US

Strictly private & confidential. Do not reproduce or distribute

Founder's Profile and Track Record





Prashant Khemka

Founder

(ullet)

CIO and Lead PM of GS India Equity

- Prashant launched GS India Equity strategy in March 2007 with US\$ 5.0mn seed capital from Goldman Sachs
- Since inception the strategy delivered peer group leading cumulative 265.8% gross USD returns¹ vs. 66.1% for its benchmark

CIO and Lead PM of GS GEM Equity

- Prashant took over as CIO and Lead PM of GS GEM Strategy in 2013 with approximately US\$600 mn in total assets
- During his tenure, the strategy delivered peer group leading cumulative 36.3% gross USD returns² vs. 13.1% for its benchmark

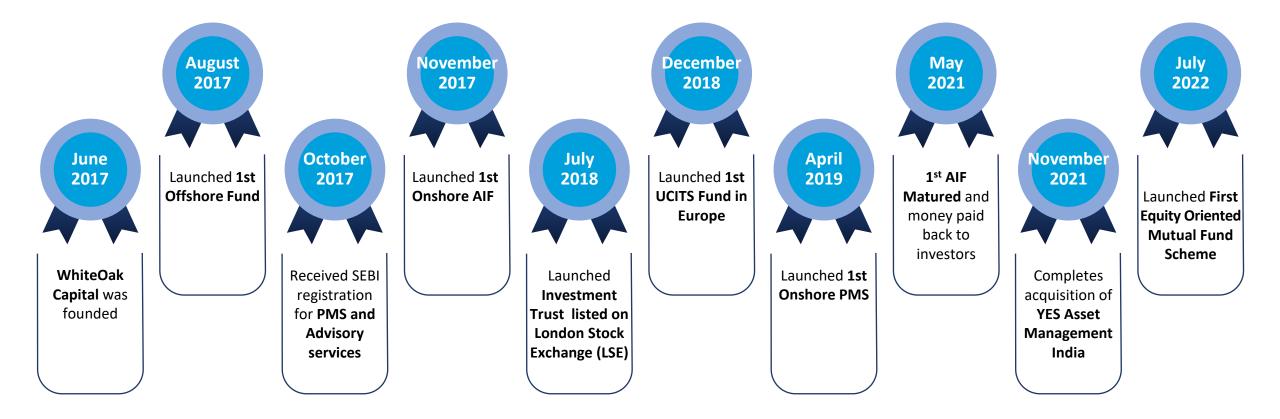
Extensive investing record across India, Global Emerging Market (GEM) and the US

Scaled Goldman Sach's GEM and India Equity business to US\$6.0 bn with distribution across multiple channels in Europe, Asia, and USA

¹Past performance Gross of Fees in US\$ for GS India Equity Portfolio. ²Past performance Gross of Fees in US\$ for GS EM Equity Portfolio. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results and returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. There can be no assurance that comparable results can be achieved or that similar investment strategy can be implemented or that investment objectives can be achieved. GEM = Global Emerging Market.

WhiteOak Capital Group - Journey Till Date





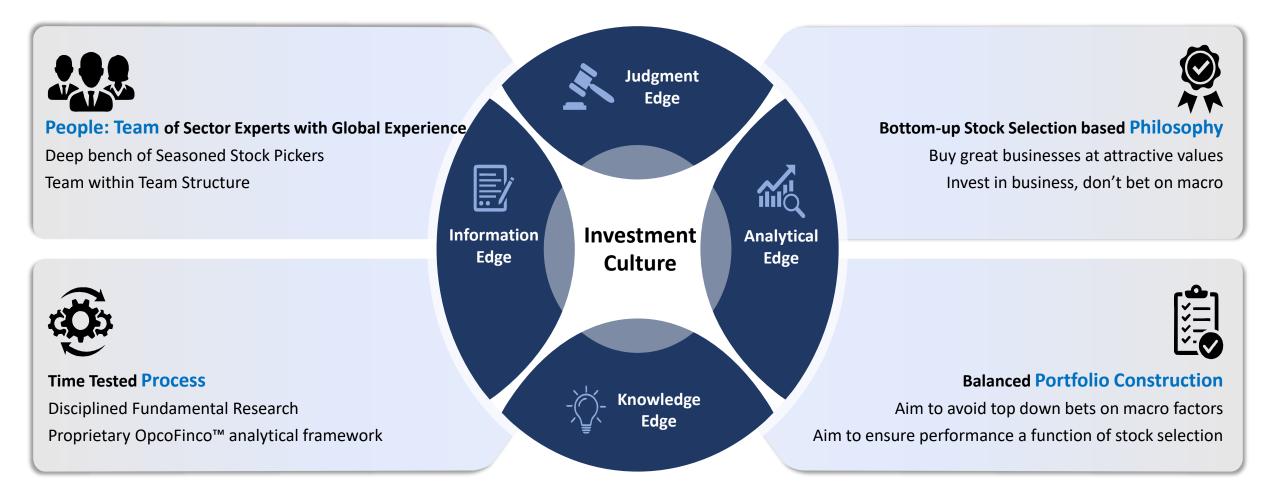


Investment Culture: Team, Philosophy, Process & Portfolio Construction

Focused Investment Culture



Performance first



Our Team



Well resourced team with experience across emerging and developed markets

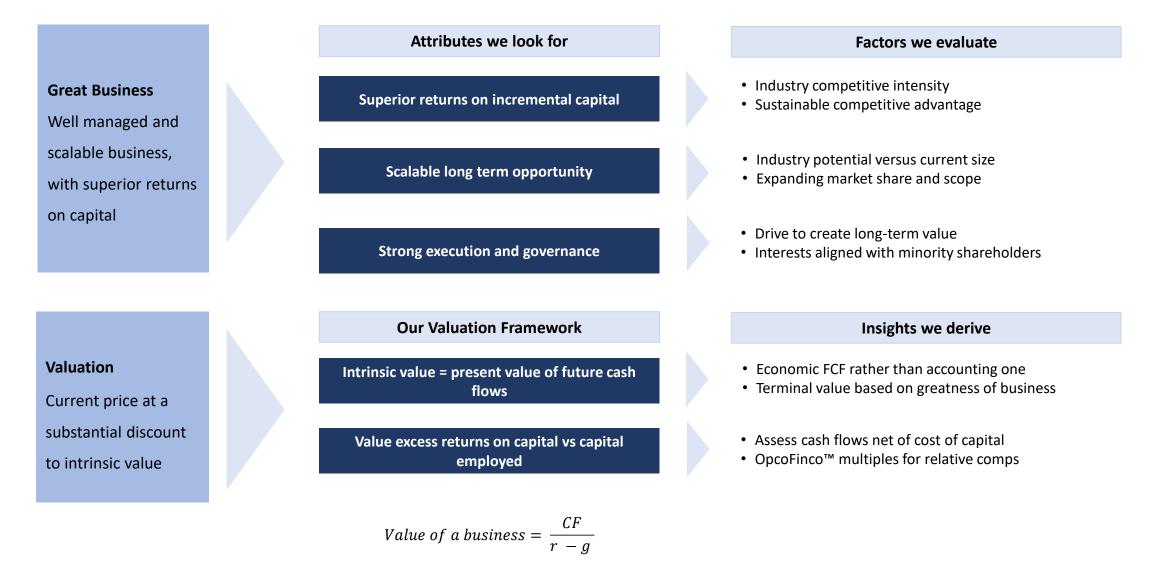


¹Employees of White Oak Capital Partners Pte. ²WhiteOak Capital AMC ³White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP (WOCM); WOCM and White Oak Capital AMC provides non-binding, non-exclusive and recommendatory investment advisory services to White Oak Capital Partners Pte. 4White Oak Capital Management (Spain), Sociedad Limitada 5The Ratings are based on the manager's three-year risk-adjusted performance across all funds the manager is managing to 31st January 2023

Investment Philosophy: Focus on Stock Selection



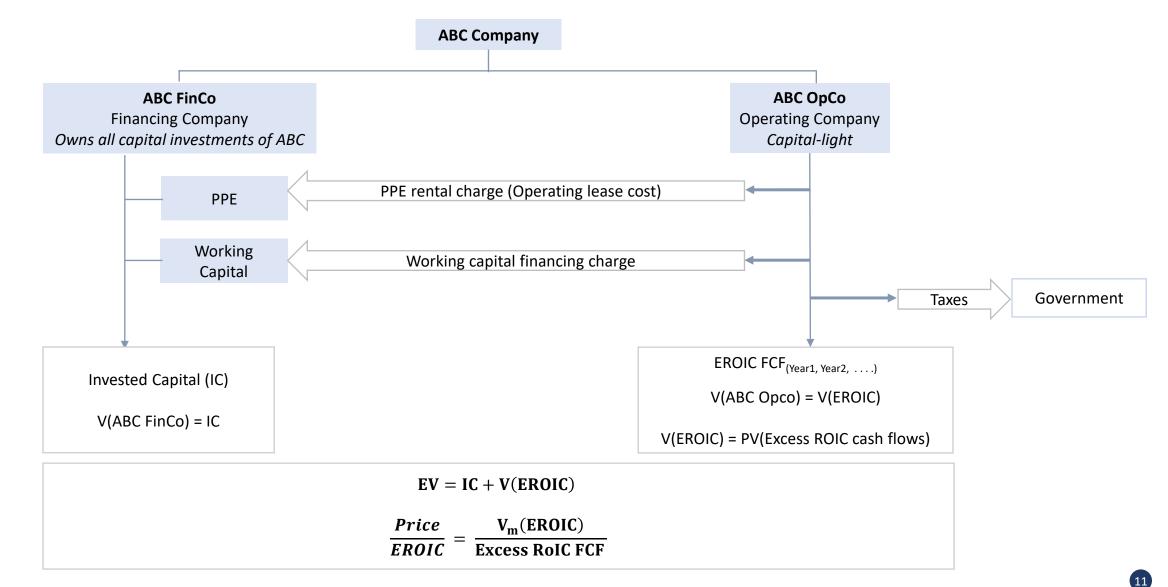
Outsized returns can be earned over time by investing in great businesses at attractive valuations



STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE

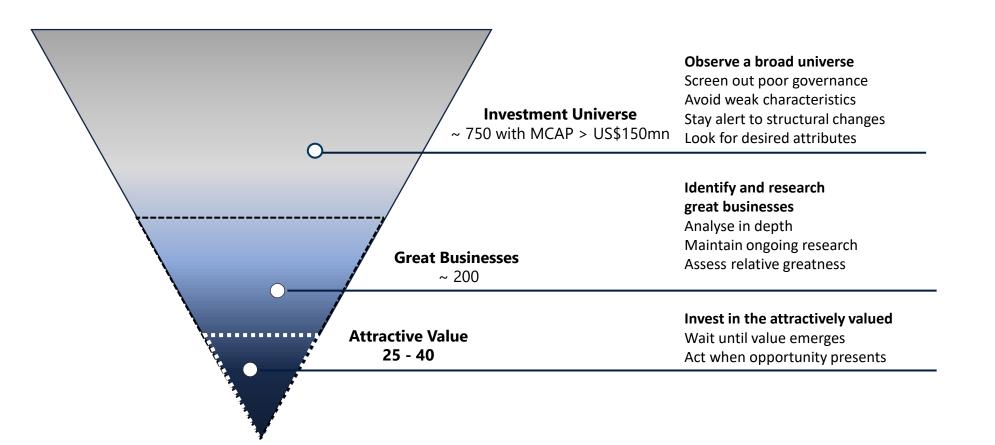
OpcoFinco™ Framework





Investment Process

We distil from a broad investible universe



The allocations mentioned above are tentative and for illustration purpose only. Final portfolio can have higher or lower allocation depending on prevailing market scenario. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document. STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE





Impossible to Predict the Sectoral Leadership



2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Pvt banks	IT Services	Pvt banks	Pharma	Metals	Real Estate	IT Services	Real Estate	Pharma	Metals	PSU banks
Real Estate	Pharma	PSU banks	Telecom	Energy	Telecom	FMCG	Pvt banks	IT Services	IT Services	Metals
FMCG	Telecom	Auto	FMCG	Auto	Metals	Pvt banks	Telecom	Metals	Real Estate	Pvt banks
Auto	FMCG	Pharma	IT Services	Pvt banks	Pvt banks	Energy	Energy	Telecom	PSU banks	FMCG
PSU banks	Auto	Infra	Auto	PSU banks	Energy	Pharma	IT Services	FMCG	Telecom	Auto
Pharma	Energy	FMCG	Energy	FMCG	Infra	Infra	Infra	Infra	Infra	Energy
Infra	Pvt banks	IT Services	Pvt banks	Infra	Auto	PSU banks	FMCG	Auto	Energy	Infra
Metals	Infra	Real Estate	Infra	Real Estate	FMCG	Metals	Pharma	Energy	Auto	Telecom
Energy	Metals	Telecom	Real Estate	IT Services	PSU banks	Auto	Auto	Real Estate	Pharma	Real Estate
IT Services	PSU banks	Energy	Metals	Pharma	IT Services	Real Estate	Metals	Pvt banks	FMCG	Pharma
Telecom	Real Estate	Metals	PSU banks	Telecom	Pharma	Telecom	PSU banks	PSU banks	Pvt banks	IT Services

It is not possible to consistently time the sectoral winners and there may be prolonged cycle of outperformance and under performance. Furthermore, there may be a good company in an under-performing sector and an average company within the out-performing sector. Hence, taking top-down bets on sectors may not always deliver good consistent results.

Ordered by performance (best to worst) for each Calendar Year. For illustration purpose only, Past performance may or may not sustain in future. Source: Bloomberg, MFI Explorer, Internal Research; Data for sectoral NSE indices, except for Telecom which is for BSE Telecom

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE



2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Value	Low Volatility	Value	Value	Quality	Alpha	Quality	Value	Alpha	Value	Alpha	Quality	Nifty 50	Alpha	Alpha	Value
Alpha	Quality	Quality	Low Volatility	Momen- tum	Momen- tum	Momen- tum	Alpha	Momen- tum	Momen- tum	Momen- tum	Nifty 50	Momen- tum	Quality	Value	Nifty 50
Momen- tum	Nifty 50	Low Volatility	Quality	Low Volatility	Low Volatility	Nifty 50	Momen- tum	Low Volatility	Low Volatility	Value	Low Volatility	Alpha	Low Volatility	Momen- tum	Low Volatility
Nifty 50	Value	Alpha	Momen- tum	Alpha	Quality	Low Volatility	Low Volatility	Quality	Nifty 50	Low Volatility	Momen- tum	Low Volatility	Momen- tum	Quality	Quality
Quality	Momen- tum	Nifty 50	Nifty 50	Nifty 50	Value	Alpha	Quality	Nifty 50	Quality	Nifty 50	Alpha	Quality	Nifty 50	Nifty 50	Momen- tum
Low Volatility	Alpha	Momen- tum	Alpha	Value	Nifty 50	Value	Nifty 50	Value	Alpha	Quality	Value	Value	Value	Low Volatility	Alpha

Following or Skewness to a particular style may increase portfolio volatility and can adversely impact portfolio performance on risk adjusted basis

Ordered by performance (best to worst) for each Calendar Year. Source: MFI Explorer, Internal Research. Value = Nifty 500 Value 50 TRI, Momentum = Nifty 200 Momentum 30 TRI, Quality = Nifty 200 Quality 30 Index, Alpha = Nifty Alpha 50 Index, Low Volatility = Nifty Low Volatility 50 Index. For illustration purpose only. Past performance may or may not sustain in future.



Value Style Under-Performed for 3 Years

Before the come back in CY 2021, for three consecutive calendar years (2018, 2019, 2020), Value Style underperformed most of the other styles of fund management. Delivering poor investor experience.

Roller-Coaster Ride with Quality Style

Quality Style worked well in CY 2018 and CY 2020 but did poorly in CY 2017 and CY 2019.

Domestic v/s Export Oriented Theme

Sectors like IT Services and Pharma were among the worst performing sectors in CY 2016 and 2017 compared to broader market. Subsequently, IT Services outperformed most of the other sectors in CY 2018, 2020 and 2021, and Pharma outperformed in 2020.

Defensives v/s Cyclicals

Some of the Defensive Sectors did well in CY 2020 but in CY 2021 many of the Cyclical Sectors performed relatively better than broader market and **Defensive Sectors were among the laggards.**

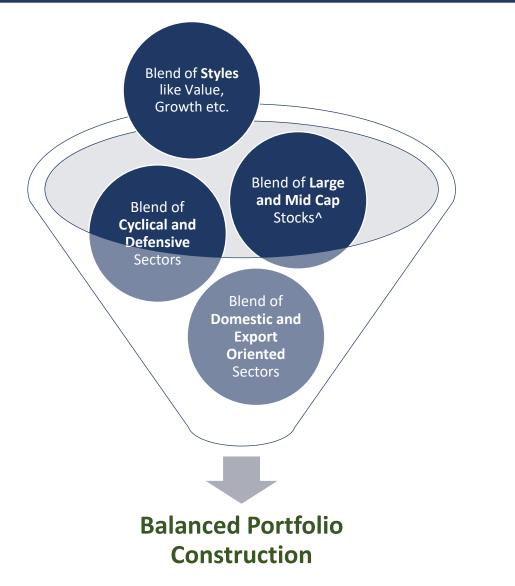
Source: MFI Explorer, Internal Research. Value = Nifty 500 Value 50 TRI, Momentum = Nifty 200 Momentum 30 TRI, Quality = Nifty 200 Quality 30 Index, Alpha = Nifty Alpha 50 Index, Low Volatility = Nifty Low Volatility 50 Index. For illustration purpose only. Past performance may or may not sustain in future.



WhiteOak Capital's Approach towards Balanced Portfolio Construction



16



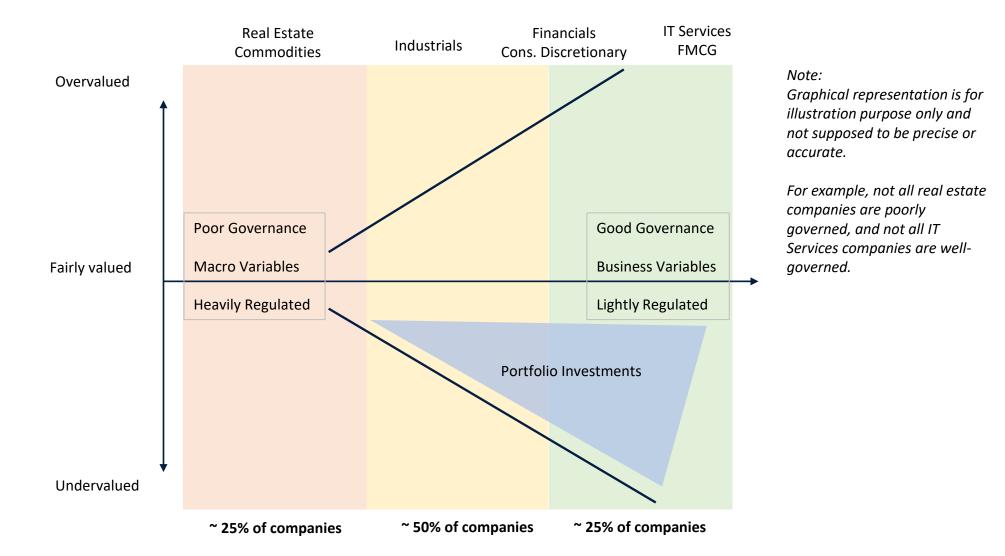
No particular **Style** performs consistently every year. Likewise, **Sector and Market Cap** performance keeps rotating year on year. Furthermore, there may be prolonged cycle of out performance and under performance. Hence, a **Balanced Portfolio with blend** of these **factors** can help improving consistency of the performance.

^For illustration purpose only. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document.

Opportunity Funnel



No sanctity of cash flows or valuations of poorly governed companies



STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE



THE ART AND SCIENCE OF INVESTING

Established Leaders : Investing Landscape in India

Opportunity in Established Leaders





Indian Established Leaders are still Small in Global Context !

Some Usual Characteristics of Established Leaders

They have Better Access to Resources







Rank Name	Мсар	Country	Ran	k Name	Мсар	Country	Ran	k Name	Мсар	Country	Rank Name	Мс	ap Country
1 Apple Inc	2067	United States	26	Novo Nordisk A/S	308	Denmark	51	Abbott Laboratories	191	United States	76 Honeywell Intern	ational 14	4 United States
2 Saudi Arabian Oil Co	1879	Saudi Arabia	27	Pfizer Inc	288	United States	52	NIKE Inc	183	United States	77 Morgan Stanley	14	4 United States
3 Microsoft Corp	1788	United States	28	AbbVie Inc	286	United States	53	Accenture PLC	176	Ireland	78 Amgen Inc	14	0 United States
4 Alphabet Inc	1145	United States	29	Merck & Co Inc	281	United States	54	T-Mobile US Inc	174	United States	79 Contemporary Ar	nperex 13	9 China
5 Amazon.com Inc	857	United States	30	Coca-Cola Co/The	275	United States	55	NextEra Energy Inc	166	United States	80 Meituan	13	9 China
6 Berkshire Hathaway Inc	682	United States	31	Bank of America Corp	266	United States	56	Verizon Communications	165	United States	81 Prosus NV	13	8 Netherlands
7 UnitedHealth Group Inc	495	United States	32	Roche Holding AG	263	Switzerland	57	TotalEnergies SE	165	France	82 China Merchants	Bank 13	7 China
8 Johnson & Johnson	462	United States	33	Samsung Electronics	263	South Korea	58	Hermes International	163	France	83 Salesforce Inc	13	3 United States
9 Exxon Mobil Corp	454	United States	34	PepsiCo Inc	249	United States	59	Linde PLC	161	United Kingdom	84 Christian Dior SE	13	2 France
10 Visa Inc	442	United States	35	International Holding	245	UAE	60	China Construction Bank	159	China	85 Netflix Inc	13	1 United States
11 Tencent Holdings Ltd	410	China	36	Broadcom Inc	234	United States	61	Walt Disney Co/The	158	United States	86 AT&T Inc	13	1 United States
12 JPMorgan Chase & Co	393	United States	37	Toyota Motor Corp	226	Japan	62	BHP Group Ltd	158	Australia	87 AIA Group Ltd	13	1 Hong Kong
13 Tesla Inc	389	United States	38	Oracle Corp	220	United States	63	Wells Fargo & Co	157	United States	88 Royal Bank of Car	nada 13	0 Canada
14 Walmart Inc	382	United States	39	Novartis AG	218	Switzerland	64	Philip Morris	157	United States	89 Unilever PLC	12	8 United Kingdor
15 Taiwan Semiconductor	378	Taiwan	40	ASML Holding NV	218	Netherlands	65	Adobe Inc	156	United States	90 Deere & Co	12	8 United States
16 LVMH	366	France	41	TFS Inc	216	United States	66	Charles Schwab Corp/The	155	United States	91 Lockheed Martin	Corp 12	7 United States
17 NVIDIA Corp	360	United States	42	ICBoC	214	China	67	Bristol-Myers Squibb Co	153	United States	92 IBM	12	7 United States
18 Procter & Gamble Co/The	359	United States	43	AstraZeneca PLC	210	United Kingdom	68	Comcast Corp	151	United States	93 Union Pacific Cor	p 12	7 United States
19 Eli Lilly & Co	348	United States	44	Reliance Industries Ltd	208	India	69	United Parcel Service Inc	150	United States	94 Bank of China Lto	12	7 China
20 Chevron Corp	347	United States	45	Costco Wholesale Corp	203	United States	70	Texas Instruments Inc	150	United States	95 SAP SE	12	7 Germany
21 Mastercard Inc	334	United States	46	Shell PLC	197	United Kingdom	71	Raytheon Technologies	148	United States	96 PetroChina Co Lto	d 12	6 China
22 Home Depot Inc/The	322	United States	47	Cisco Systems Inc	196	United States	72	ConocoPhillips	147	United States	97 China Life Insurar	nce 12	5 China
23 Nestle SA	320	Switzerland	48	Danaher Corp	193	United States	73	Agricultural Bank of China	145	China	98 Caterpillar Inc	12	5 United States
24 Meta Platforms Inc	316	United States	49	McDonald's Corp	193	United States	74	China Mobile Ltd	145	Hong Kong	99 HSBC Holdings PL	C 12	5 United Kingdor
25 Kweichow Moutai Co Ltd	314	China	50	L'Oreal SA	192	France	75	Tata Consultancy Service	144	India	100 QUALCOMM Inc	12	3 United States
No. of Companies World's Top 100			India 2	a		China 11		Unite	ed St 60	ates	Franc 5	e	

Source: Factset, WhiteOak Capital, Data as on end of calendar year 2022.

For illustration purpose only. The stock(s)/sector(s) mentioned in this slide do not constitute any recommendation and WhiteOak Capital Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in this stock(s).

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. The portfolio of the scheme is subject to changes within the provisions of the Scheme Information document of the Scheme.

India's Established Leaders are still Small in a Global Context

One Foreign Company > Entire Sector in India



Market Cap (USD bn) Sun Pharma Divi's Lab Torrent Johnson & Johnson Dr. Reddy's Pharma 471

The Largest Pharma Company is 7x of India's Top 5 Pharma Companies. And this is not an exception limited to only Pharma Sector.

Source: Factset, White Oak, Data as on end of calendar year 2022. For illustration purpose only. The stock(s)/sector(s) mentioned in this slide do not constitute any recommendation and WhiteOak Capital Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in this stock(s). Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. The portfolio of the scheme is subject to changes within the provisions of the Scheme Information document of the Scheme.



India's Biggest Company is still Small in Global Context



		Market Cap (USD bn)		Compared	to India (x)
Sector	India's Biggest	China's Biggest	World's Biggest	China's Biggest	World's Biggest
Retail	31	284	878	9.3 x	28.6 x
Auto	31	99	357	3.2 x	11.6 x
Beverages	5	14	49	2.6 x	9.0 x
Mining	10	64	274	6.2 x	26.6 x
Hospitals	16	77	167	4.8 x	10.4 x
Insurance	8	33	72	4.2 x	9.3 x
Chemicals	16	137	132	8.7 x	8.4 x

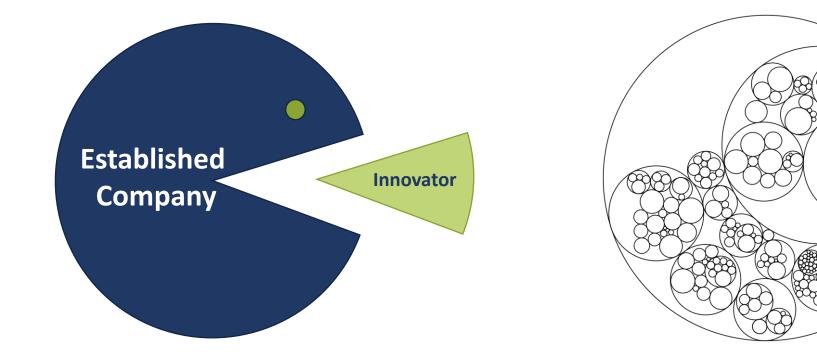


Source: Factset, White Oak, Data as on end of calendar year 2022.

Creating Synergies by Acquiring the Innovators

Companies within the company





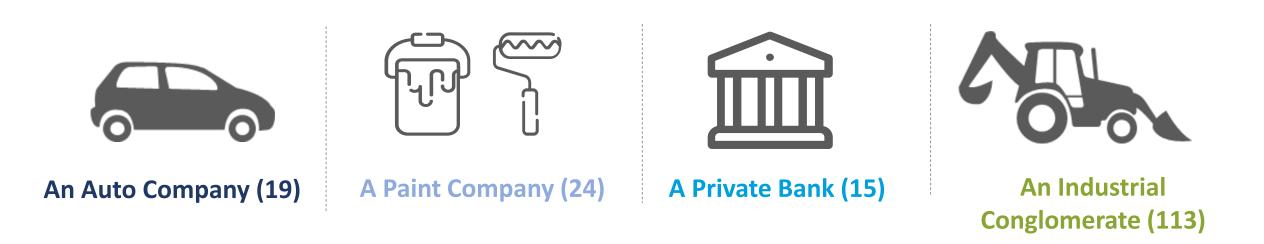
Large companies often acquire their service providers or disruptors or innovators in their sector, often resulting in better synergies. This also helps in talent acquisition.

Established Leaders: House of many Smaller Businesses

Embedded Value of Subsidiaries, Associates and JV



25



Generally, such embedded value gets unlocked through Spin-offs, Carve-outs, Divestments. The value creation may depend on type and objective of demerger.

Note: The numbers in brackets are number of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures. For illustration purpose only. The stock(s)/sector(s) mentioned in this slide do not constitute any recommendation and WhiteOak Capital may or may not have any future position in this stock(s). Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. The portfolio of the scheme is subject to changes within the provisions of the Scheme Information document of the Scheme. JV = Joint Venture

Example : Value Unlocking through a Demerger

20000



20000 18000	Growth of Rs.1000 invested in The Parent Company *Combined Value = Holding & Investment Company + Auto Company + NBFC	Company Name	CAGR (%) (23-May-2008 to 30-Sep-2022)
16000		Holding & Investment Company	21.2%
14000		Auto Company	22.0%
10000	man MM	NBFC	27.9%
8000		Combined Value*	24.2%
6000		Nifty 50 TRI	10.4%
4000 2000	Man Mar W	Past performance may o sustained in the f	-
0 May'08	Feb'09 Nov'09 Aug'10 May'11 Feb'12 Nov'12 Aug'13 May'14 Feb'15 Nov'15 Aug'16 May'17 Feb'18 Nov'18 Aug'19 May'20 Feb'21 Nov'21 Aug'22 Combined ValueNifty 50 TRI		

In a big corporate structure with multiple businesses, a demerger of disparate businesses unlocks the financial and management bandwidth required for the respective businesses to grow and may result in better value unlocking.

Scheme of Arrangement of Demerger: A parent company was demerged into three entities; Holdings and Investment Company, Auto Company and NBFC. *Combined Value is Combined return of Holding and Investment Company, Auto Company and NBFC as on 30-Sep-2022, if invested in Parent Company on 23-May-2008. For illustration purpose only. The stock(s)/sector(s) mentioned in this slide do not constitute any recommendation and WhiteOak Capital may or may not have any future position in this stock(s). The portfolio of the scheme is subject to changes within the provisions of the Scheme Information document of the Scheme.

Established Leaders: Serving Local + Global Market

Geographically Diversified



Large Cap Companies' Revenue Break-up Export/ International **Operations**, 25% Domestic, 75%

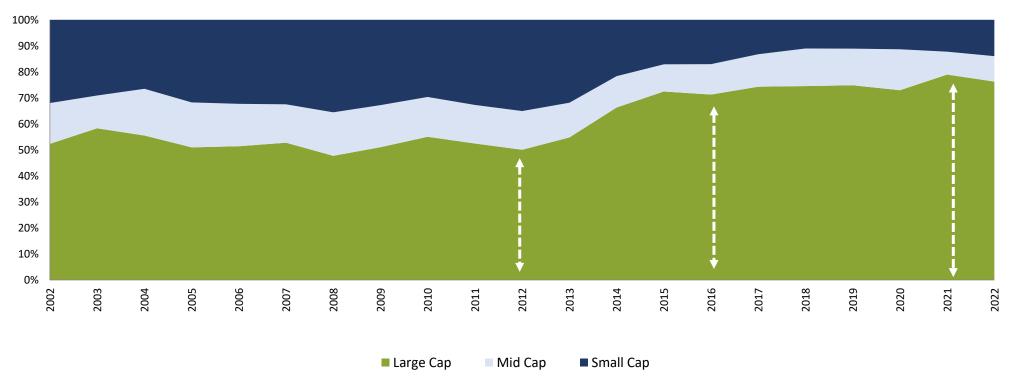
Many of the Large Cap Companies not only serve Domestic market but international market as well. Nearly one fourth of their revenue comes from outside India. Making them geographically more diversified.

Source: Factset and Internal Research for Financial Year ending 2022.





Annual Capex Breakdown between Large, Mid and Small Caps



During the last few years of uncertainties like Demonetisation, GST Implementation, NBFC Crisis, Covid, etc., Large Cap Companies' share in total Capital Expenditure has increased substantially.



THE ART AND SCIENCE OF INVESTING

Emerging Leaders: Investing Landscape in India

Opportunity in Emerging Industries in India





India is House of many Emerging Leaders !



Emerging Leaders : Scope of Penetration



31



Largest Consumer Durable company is a mid-cap



Largest QSR Chain is a mid-cap





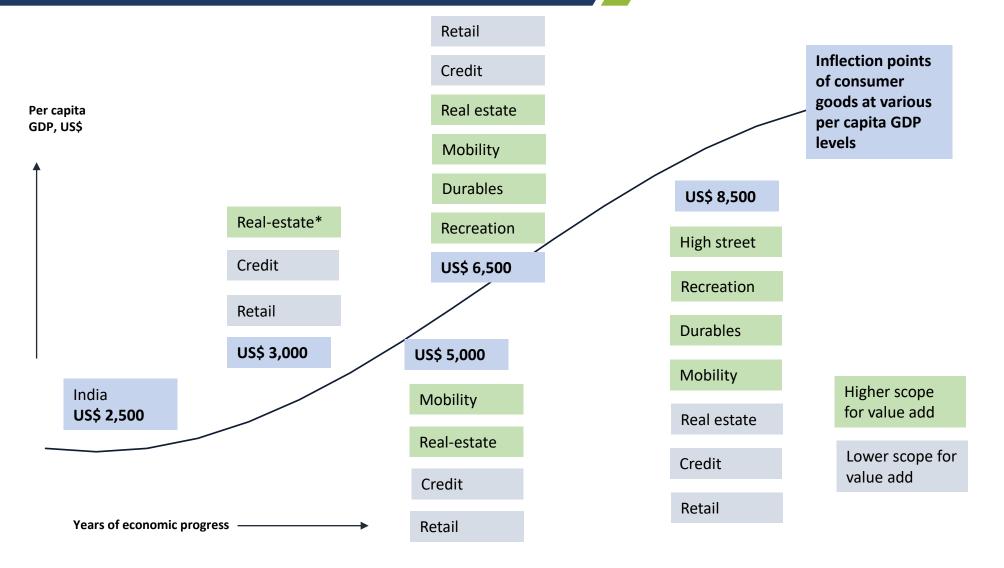
Largest Tyre

company is a mid-cap

For illustration purpose only. Based on AMFI's Stock Classification as on 31st December 2022. The stock(s)/sector(s) mentioned in this slide do not constitute any recommendation and WhiteOak Capital Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in this stock(s). Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. The portfolio of the scheme is subject to changes within the provisions of the Scheme Information document of the Scheme.

With Rising per Capita Income, Discretionary Consumption grows meaningfully

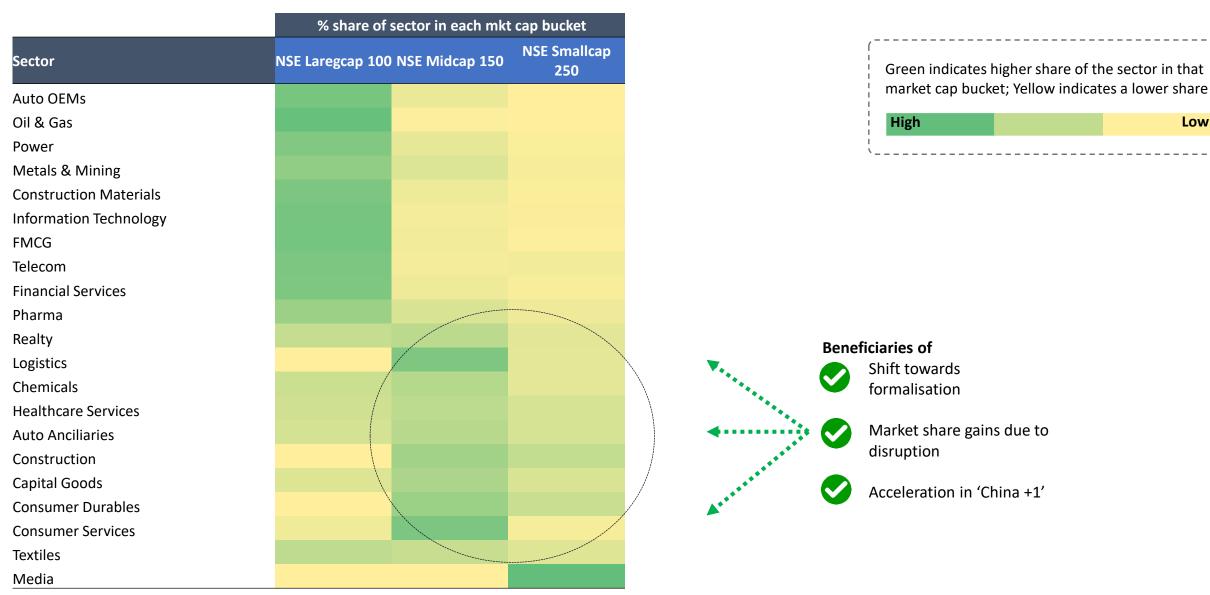




Availability of Broad Spectrum of Businesses in SMID Segment



Low

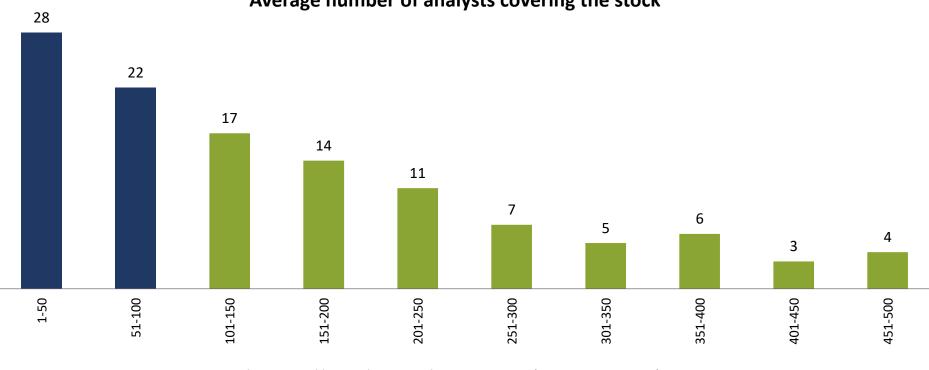


SMID = Small and Mid Cap. Source : Factset, Bloomberg, Internal Research. % Allocation to various sector as on end of Calendar Year 2022.

33 STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCI

SMID Segment is Less Researched as Compared to Large Cap – Potential for Attractive Valuation





Average number of analysts covering the stock

Stocks grouped by market capital categorisation (Universe: NSE 500)

Thus, in-house research capabilities matters a lot in identifying winners in SMIDs

SMID = Small and Mid Cap. Source : Factset, Bloomberg, Internal Research. Data as on end of Calendar Year 2022.



Among peers, India SMID universe is among the most well-diversified



35

MSCI Country Small-Mid (SMID) Index											
% Weight	China	India	Korea	Taiwan	Brazil	South Africa	Indonesia	Mexico			
Communication Services	6.5	4.1	7.0	0.7	1.8	2.8	6.7	8.3			
Consumer Discretionary	16.8	16.6	10.8	9.2	16.6	11.5	4.9	3.0			
Consumer Staples	5.2	6.8	6.8	2.0	11.0	17.5	15.7	13.6			
Energy	1.5	1.7	1.0	0.0	11.7	4.4	14.6	0.0			
Financials	5.6	15.0	9.1	11.2	1.3	22.9	8.9	13.4			
Health Care	17.8	9.4	12.1	3.9	5.3	5.0	9.0	1.3			
Industrials	13.3	16.6	25.7	11.6	14.1	5.4	3.9	33.0			
Information Technology	12.6	5.5	13.7	51.9	4.8	0.3	0.8	0.0			
Materials	8.8	17.8	12.5	7.3	11.0	18.7	29.0	9.5			
Real Estate	9.3	3.7	0.7	2.0	4.1	10.2	4.2	17.9			
Utilities	3.3	2.8	0.5	0.1	19.0	0.0	2.4	0.0			
HHI*	42	50	60	67	192	289	295	463			

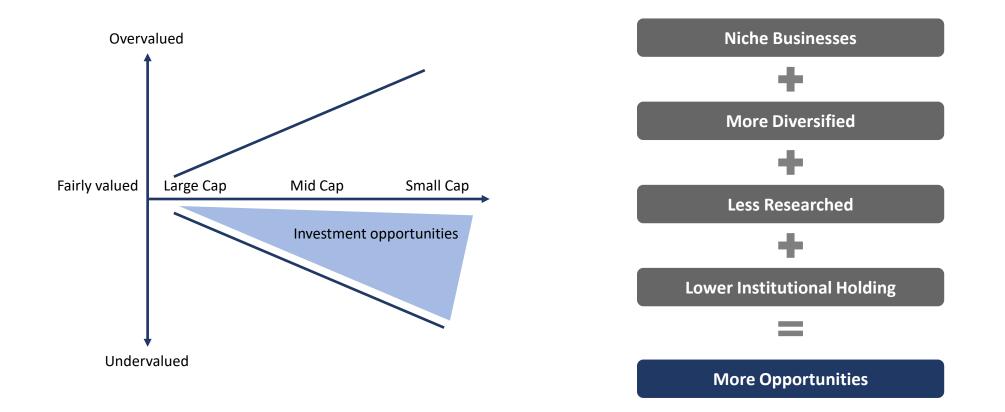
• The Indian market has the most heterogeneous composition at a sectoral level, and within that it is the most diverse at company level

• India has a well distributed investible universe of companies by index weights

SMID = Small and Mid Cap. Source: Factset, White Oak, Data as on end of Calendar Year 2022. * Herfindahl–Hirschman Index (HHI) provides numerical measure of the portfolio concentration of an aggregate. This is measured by summing the squared weights of the constituents. Weights of securities that have the same parent equity are consolidated for this metric.

Higher Opportunities Exist in SMID Segment





Broader spectrum of undervaluation and hence higher investment opportunities exist in small-cap and mid-cap as compared large-cap stocks

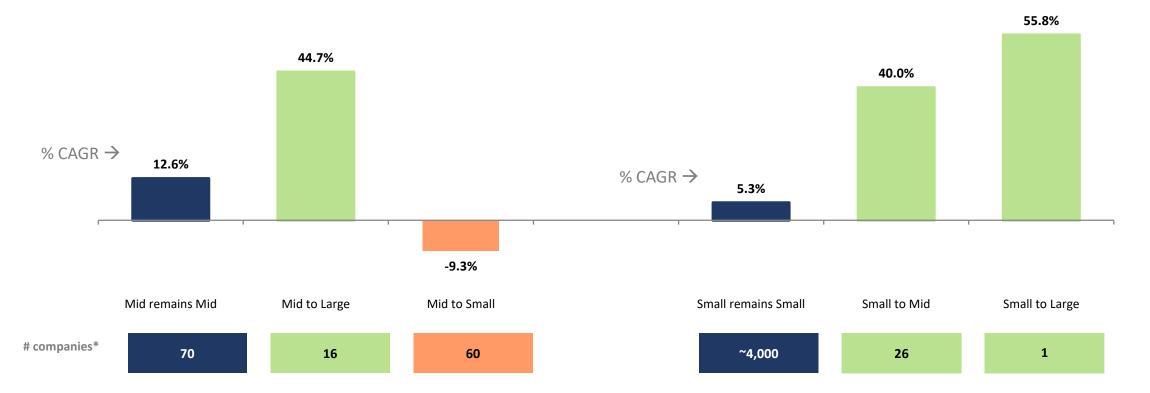


SMID Segment: There can be Large Winners... and Losers too (2017-2022)

Mid Cap Segment



Small Cap Segment



Only handful Mid Cap stocks managed to turn into Large Caps, similarly only few Small Cap could turn into Mid Caps. This shows **Stock Selection** plays a vital role in generating good performance in SMID segment.

SMIDs = Small and Mid Caps. Data based on SEBI classification of large, mid and small cap stocks between 2017 and 2022. Source: AMFI, Internal Research. Performance for illustration purpose only. Past performance may or may not sustain in future. *For Midcap Segment number of companies may not add to 150 as some of the stocks got merged or delisted.

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE

37



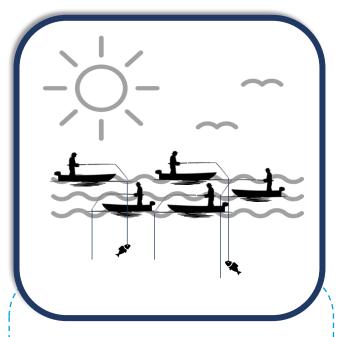
Stock	% institutional holding in June 2018	Subsequent Stock Price Correction		
A Travel Company	40.6	-99%		
Housing Finance Company	29.0	-97%		
Jewellery Business	22.0	-96%		
Services Company	27.0	-93%		
A Private Sector Bank	67.7	-96%		

• In the absence of adequate governance, a business may be great but only for the controlling shareholders and not for minority investors

• The best way to make money from such companies is by avoiding them

SMID Segment : Many Opportunities but..

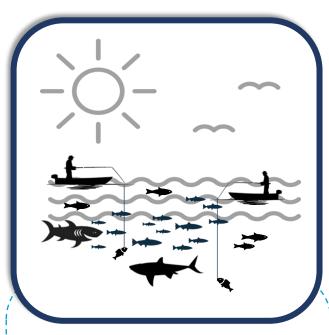




In Safer Sea Lots of Fishermen + Few Fishes to Catch + Relatively Safer Environment

Large-Cap

Generally, in Large-Cap space many analysts cover the same stocks, which reduces the potential alpha generation



In Deep Sea

Few Fishermen + More Fishes + Risk of being attacked by Sharks

SMID-Cap

Space provides lots of alpha generation possibilities but with higher potential risks as well

Large Investment Team can help to identify opportunities available in SMID segment.

Internal Forensic Team to create <u>Negative List of stocks</u> can help in avoiding large Corporate Governance issues.

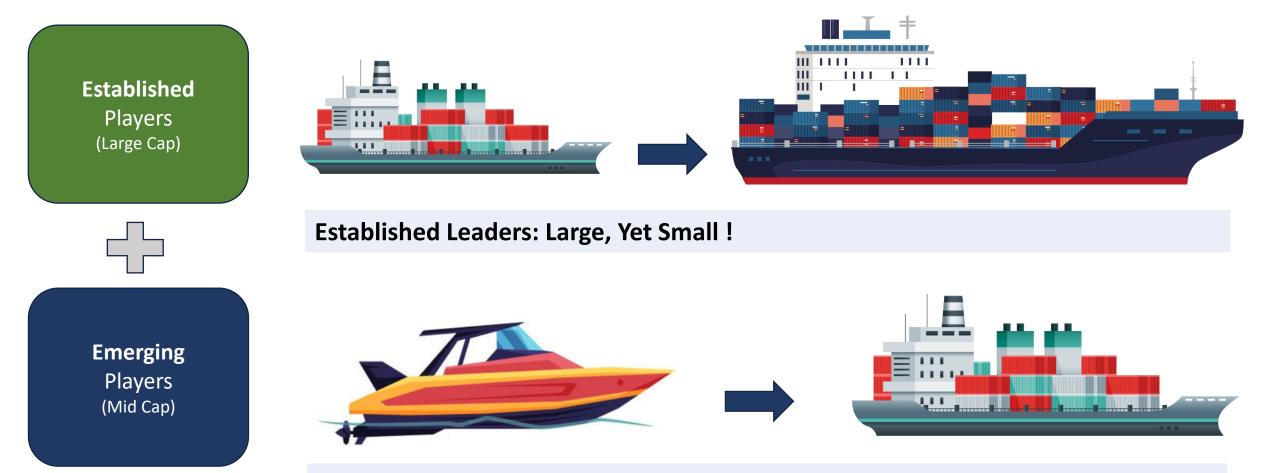


WhiteOak India Business Leaders PMS



WhiteOak India Business Leaders PMS Endeavours to invest in a combination of Large and Mid Cap Stocks





India is a House of Many Emerging Leaders

The allocations mentioned are tentative and for illustration purpose only. Final portfolio can have higher or lower allocation depending on prevailing market scenario. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document.

Market Cap Wise Tentative Equity Exposure





The allocations mentioned above are tentative and for illustration purpose only. Final portfolio can have higher or lower allocation depending on prevailing market scenario. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document.

42



Large Investment Team Covering ~1000 Stocks with more than Rs. 1000 Crore Market Cap **Balanced Portfolio Construction** Portfolio of Pro-cyclical and Counter-cyclical stocks to help reducing macro economic shocks Sectoral Analyst: Team within Team Structure Each sector is tracked by several analysts for in-depth analysis **Analysts' Experience** Many analysts in team are tracking the same sector for more than a decade **Forensic for Negative List of Stocks** Helps reduce possible accidents due to poor corporate governance **Allocation to Large Caps and Mid Caps** to capture compelling opportunities in these segments **Endeavor is to maintain reasonable Active Share** A necessary ingredient for potential alpha generation

The allocations mentioned above are tentative and for illustration purpose only. Final portfolio can have higher or lower allocation depending on prevailing market scenario. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document.

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL – DO NOT REPRODUCE



Investment Objective	Sustained capital appreciation through superior returns over time
Benchmark	S&P BSE 200 TR
Inception Date	January 2021
Investment Approach	Bottom-up
Investment Style	Style Agnostic
Market Cap	Large and Mid Cap
Estimated Holdings	25 – 40

The allocations mentioned above are tentative and for illustration purpose only. Final portfolio can have higher or lower allocation depending on prevailing market scenario. Portfolio will be managed as per stated Investment objective, investment strategy & asset allocation in the PMS Disclosure Document and is subject to the changes within provisions of PMS Disclosure Document.

(44)



22 January 2021 – 28 February 2023, Net of Fees in INR

	Portfolio	Benchmark % S&P BSE 200 ¹	Excess Returns (bps)	S&P BSE 100 Large cap ¹	S&P BSE 150 Mid cap ¹	S&P BSE 250 Small cap ¹
February 2023	-2.1%	-2.8%	+73	-3.0%	-1.7%	-2.7%
YTD 2023	-5.2%	-6.2%	+96	-6.5%	-3.7%	-4.8%
2022	-6.1%	5.7%	-1181	5.5%	3.6%	-1.0%
Part 2021	28.8%	25.4%	+341	23.4%	42.8%	54.6%
Since Inception (CAGR)	6.7%	10.9%	-422	9.8%	18.4%	19.6%
Since Inception (Cumulative)	14.5%	24.3%	-973	21.6%	42.5%	45.7%

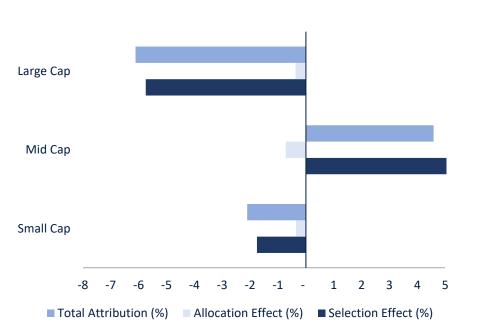
¹ All indices are Net Total Return in INR. Performance is net of all fees and expenses (including taxes). Performance shown since 22 January 2021 as client monies were managed from this date. Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. CAGR : Compound Annual Growth Rate

Market Cap Attribution Analysis¹



Stock selection drives performance : 22 January 2021 – 28 February 2023

Attribution by Market Cap¹



	Portfolio		Bench	Benchmark		Attribution			
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attribution (%)		
Large Cap	66.9	17.4	87.2	23.7	-4.7	-0.3	-5.0		
Mid Cap	25.1	29.2	12.6	17.0	5.2	-0.6	4.6		
Small Cap	3.6	-23.5	0.2	29.6	-1.7	-0.5	-2.2		
Cash/Futures/Others	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.8		
Total	100.0	20.7	100.0	22.5	-1.2	-0.6	-1.8		

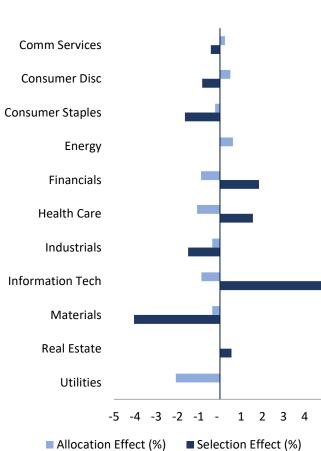
¹FactSet's Attribution Analysis. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines for Mutual Funds. Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI.

Sector Attribution Analysis¹

Attribution by Sector



Stock selection drives performance : 22 January 2021 – 28 February 2023



Sector	Port	folio	Bench	nmark	Attribution			
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attribution (%)	
Comm Services	0.8	-29.5	2.7	8.2	-0.4	0.2	-0.2	
Consumer Disc	12.1	23.8	7.9	24.5	-0.6	0.4	-0.2	
Consumer Staples	7.9	10.2	8.5	33.8	-1.8	-0.4	-2.2	
Energy	0.0	0.0	10.2	17.8	0.0	0.4	0.4	
Financials	33.9	24.7	32.1	18.6	2.3	-0.8	1.4	
Health Care	8.7	13.9	5.0	0.6	1.5	-1.1	0.4	
Industrials	5.9	20.4	6.2	56.1	-1.3	-0.5	-1.8	
Information Tech	15.9	41.6	13.3	12.7	5.3	-0.9	4.5	
Materials	9.5	-12.3	9.1	35.9	-4.1	-0.3	-4.5	
Real Estate	0.9	81.4	0.5	8.3	0.6	0.0	0.6	
Utilities	0.0	0.0	4.4	49.8	0.0	-1.0	-1.0	
Cash/Futures/Others	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.8	
Total	100.0	20.7	100.0	22.5	1.3	-3.1	-1.8	
	Comm Services Consumer Disc Consumer Staples Energy Financials Health Care Industrials Information Tech Materials Real Estate Utilities Cash/Futures/Others	Average Weight (%)Comm Services0.8Consumer Disc12.1Consumer Staples7.9Energy0.0Financials33.9Health Care8.7Industrials5.9Information Tech15.9Materials9.5Real Estate0.9Utilities0.0Cash/Futures/Others4.4	Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Comm Services0.8-29.5Consumer Disc12.123.8Consumer Staples7.910.2Energy0.00.0Financials33.924.7Health Care8.713.9Industrials5.920.4Information Tech15.941.6Materials9.5-12.3Real Estate0.981.4Utilities0.00.0	Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Average Weight (%)Comm Services0.8-29.52.7Consumer Disc12.123.87.9Consumer Staples7.910.28.5Energy0.00.010.2Financials33.924.732.1Health Care8.713.95.0Industrials5.920.46.2Information Tech15.941.613.3Materials9.5-12.39.1Real Estate0.981.40.5Utilities0.00.04.4Cash/Futures/Others4.40.00.0	Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Comm Services0.8-29.52.78.2Consumer Disc12.123.87.924.5Consumer Staples7.910.28.533.8Energy0.00.010.217.8Financials33.924.732.118.6Health Care8.713.95.00.6Industrials5.920.46.256.1Information Tech15.941.613.312.7Materials9.5-12.39.135.9Real Estate0.981.40.58.3Utilities0.00.04.449.8Cash/Futures/Others4.40.00.00.0	Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Selection Effect (%)Comm Services0.8-29.52.78.2-0.4Consumer Disc12.123.87.924.5-0.6Consumer Staples7.910.28.533.8-1.8Energy0.00.010.217.80.0Financials33.924.732.118.62.3Health Care8.713.95.00.61.5Industrials5.920.46.256.1-1.3Information Tech15.941.613.312.75.3Materials9.5-12.39.135.9-4.1Real Estate0.981.40.58.30.0Utilities0.00.04.449.80.0	Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Average Weight (%)Total Return (%)Selection Effect 	

¹FactSet's Attribution Analysis: GICS Classification. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses.

Portfolio Performance



Top 10 contributors and detractors for 22 January 2021 – 28 February 2023

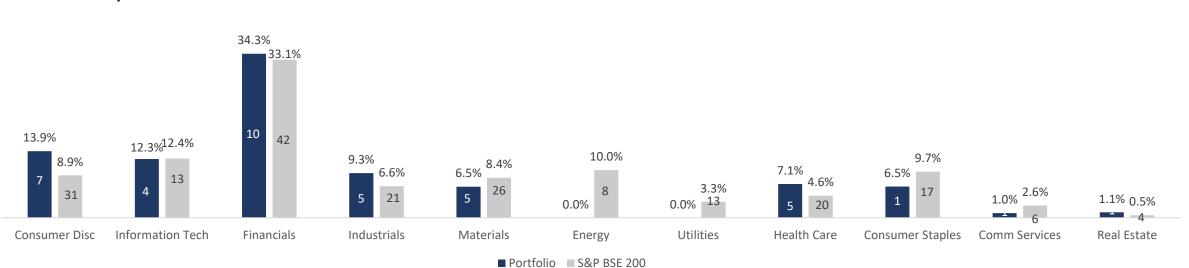
Top 10 Contributors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)
Persistent Systems	3.3	+207.5	+238
Coforge	3.1	+72.8	+226
Cholamandalam Investment	4.6	+76.8	+164
ICICI Bank	9.8	+56.0	+108
Bajaj Finserv	1.8	+47.5	+78
Navin Fluorine International	2.1	+63.2	+74
Titan Company	3.7	+57.3	+68
Phoenix Mills	1.1	+81.4	+41
Maruti Suzuki India	3.5	+9.5	+32
Dr. Lal PathLabs	0.4	-12.4	+32

Top 10 Detractors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)
Indigo Paints	0.0	-50.5	-207
Axis Bank	2.5	+9.1	-88
Nestle India	6.5	+7.7	-72
Intellect Design Arena	0.0	-42.2	-61
FSN E-Commerce Ventures	0.0	-63.6	-58
Crompton Greaves Consumer	0.0	-24.8	-48
HDFC Bank	10.2	+10.2	-47
Metropolis Healthcare	0.0	-50.7	-39
Hindalco Industries	1.2	-24.5	-38
HDFC Life Insurance	0.7	-29.8	-37

Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI..

Portfolio Composition

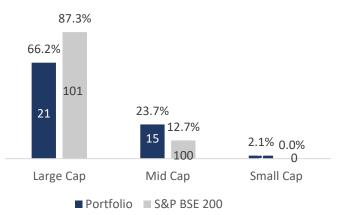




GICS Sector Weights¹

As at 28 February 2023





¹The number inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. ETF's and Index futures are included in large cap. ² Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines for Mutual Funds. ³ WhiteOak Research, Bloomberg.



Investment Approach	WhiteOak India Business Leaders PMS							
Structure	Discretionary Portfolio Management Services							
Portfolio Manager	White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP							
Investment Objective	investment strategy is long only with a both earned over time by investing in great bus	e long term capital appreciation by primarily i tom up stock selection approach. The investme sinesses at attractive values. A great business, on incremental capital. Valuation is attractive	nt philosophy is, that outsized returns are in our view, is one that is well managed,					
Minimum Investment	INR 50 lakhs							
Investment Amount &	INR 50 lakhs – INR 2 crores	INR 2 crores – INR 5 crores	> INR 5 crores					
Management Fees	2.00% per annum	1.75% per annum	1.60% per annum					
Exit Load	Nil							
Operating Expenses	At actuals, capped at maximum prescribed	by regulations						
Benchmark	S&P BSE 200 TR Index							
Custodian	ICICI Bank, Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ar	nd HDFC Bank Limited						

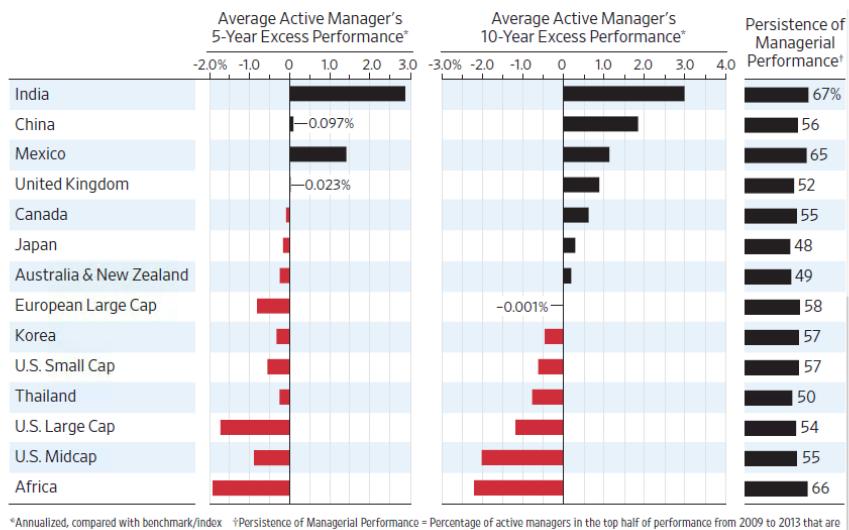




Investment Case for Indian Equities

Alpha Opportunity – Most Compelling Reason to Invest





in the top half of performers from 2014 to 2018

Source: The Wall Street Journal.

The Long-term Case for Indian Equities



Economic evolution 2020 US\$2.9tn: 5 th largest 2030est. US\$6tn: 3 rd largest	 Once in an era transformation Multi-generational opportunity
Strong domestically driven growth Consumption = 58% of GDP	 Key driver for global growth over coming years Attractive demographics, domestic consumption and investment
Profitable and diverse corporate universe 20-year RoE=17%	 Superior corporate profitability, superior asset mix Entrepreneurially driven capital allocation
Institutional infrastructure of a mature democracy Net Democracy score 9/10*	 Independent Central Bank, Election Commission and Judiciary Strong property rights under a Common Law system

Source: White Oak; 2030 estimates from CEBR (The Centre for Economics and Business Research), * As per Polity Database. GDP = Gross Domestic Product

Corporate Earnings



Historical growth and returns: Compounded Annual Growth Rates FY93-FY22: FY 20-22: 12.0% CAGR 23% CAGR FY93-FY22: Sensex Return (%) FY93-FY22: 12.2% CAGR FY 08-20: 5.1% CAGR Nominal GDP Growth (%) 12.4% CAGR Sensex EPS Growth (%) FY 03-08: 25% CAGR FY 96-03: 1% CAGR FY 93-96: 45% CAGR FY94 FY96 FY98 FY99 FY00 FY03 FY04 FY05 FY06 FY08 FY09 FY10 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY18 FY19 FY20 FY93 FY95 FY97 FY01 FY02 FY07 FY11 FY21 FY22 FY17

Corporate Profits as a Percentage of GDP



Average Return on Equity from 2002-2022

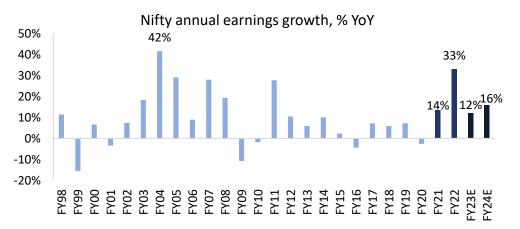
India	16.5%
Asia Pacific ex-Japan	12.0%
Emerging Markets	12.5%
World	11.2%

Source: Motilal Oswal Institutional Research, Spark, Bloomberg, White Oak Research; As of March 2022; CAGR refers to Compounded Annual growth Rate, EPS= Earnings per share, FY=Fiscal Year (ending March). GDP = Gross Domestic Product

Healthy trend in earnings trajectory

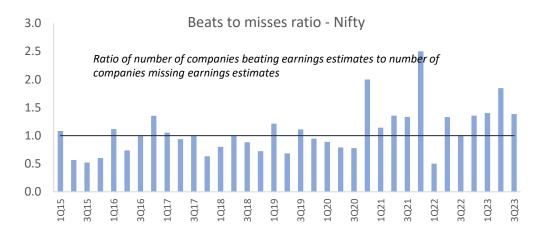


FY22 earnings growth the best since FY04

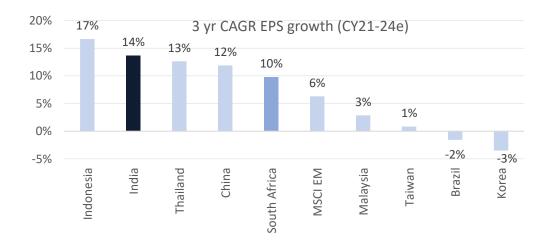




Earnings surprises continue albeit at a slower pace



India's earnings growth relatively more stable

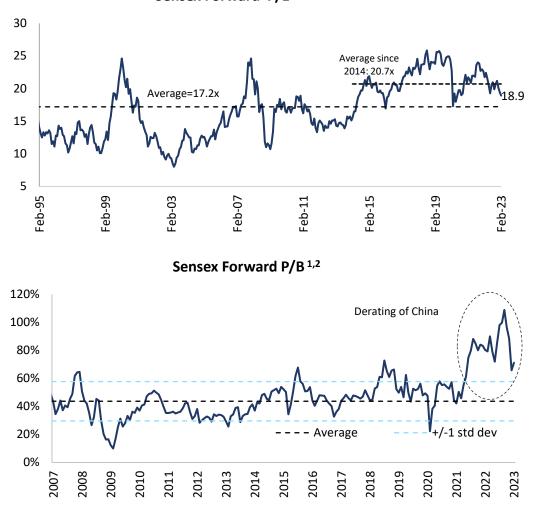


Source: Credit Suisse, Morgan Stanley, Motilal Oswal, UBS, White Oak; As of Feb 2023; 1H refers to Fiscal year (ending March) CY refers to calendar year (ending Dec). YoY refers to year over year growth; Q1F12 refers to Q1 or Apr-Jun quarter of 2011 (fiscal year ending March 2012) and so on. Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice.

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

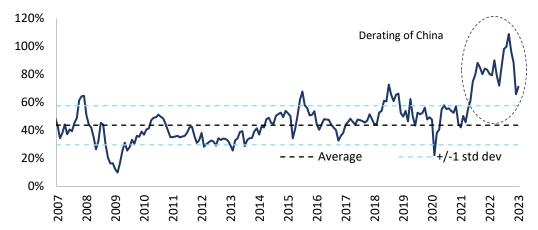
Valuation History

Sensex Forward P/E^{1,2}

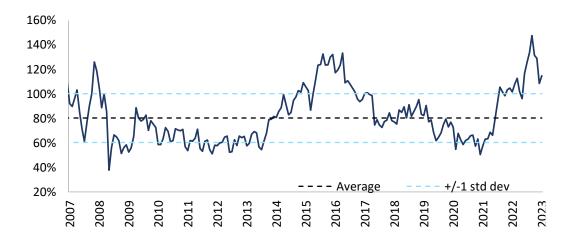




MSCI India P/E premium over MSCI EM %^{2,3}



MSCI India P/B premium over MSCI EM %^{2,3}

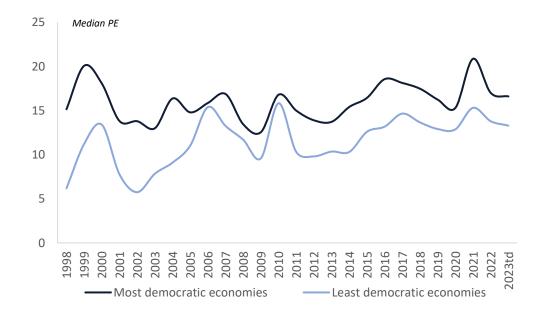


Source: Bloomberg, Motilal Oswal Institutional Research, Credit Suisse. ¹Data as of Feb 2023. ² Sensex is the benchmark index of India's Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Sensex is comprised of 30 of the largest and most actively-traded stocks on the BSE, providing a gauge of India's economy. ³The MSCI India Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indian market.

Democracy and SOE composition impact PE multiples

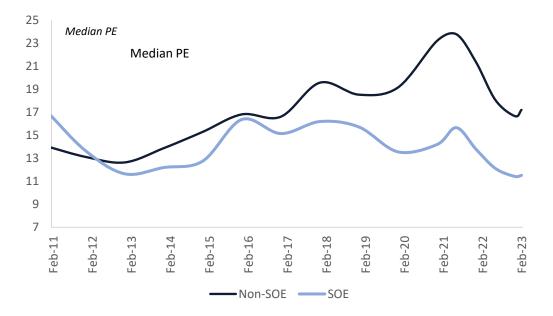


PE differential – Most and Least Democratic countries



Sample list of countries that are most democratic (Net Democracy score >= 8)	India, Taiwan, Indonesia, South Africa, Poland, Brazil, Chile
Sample list of least democratic	China, Egypt, Ukraine, Russia,
economies (Net Democracy score < 5)	Saudi Arabia, Turkey

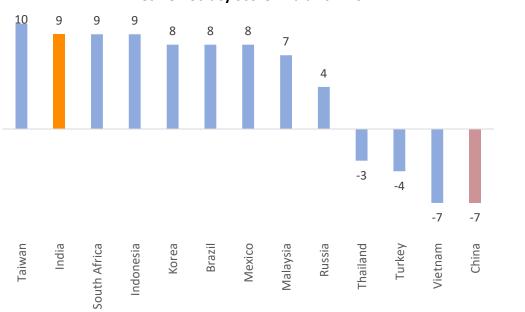
PE differential among EM universe – SOE vs non SOE



Source: Polity Project Database, Factset, data updated till Feb 2023

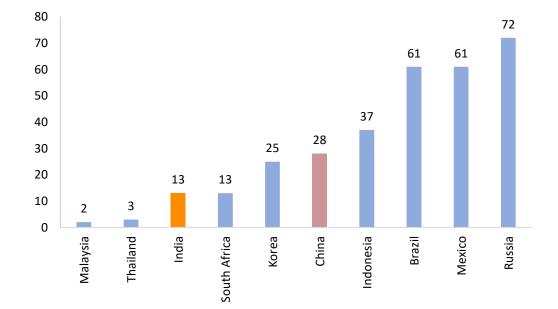
Democratic Institutions and Minority Protection - India vs EM peers





Net Democracy Score- India vs EMs

Minority Investor Protection Rank – India vs EMs



Source: World Bank Doing Business Report 2020, Polity Project database

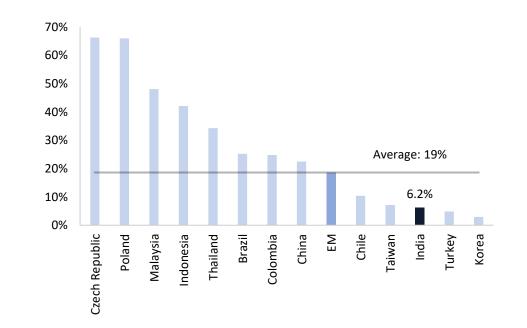
.* Net Democracy Score = Polity score obtained by deducting autocracy score from democracy score. In the Polity database, countries are rated between -10 (full autocracy) to +10 (full democracy).



MSCI Country IMI Index

% weight	India	China	South Africa	Brazil	Taiwan	Korea
Comm. Services	3.1	19.0	8.2	1.5	2.2	7.1
Cons. Disc.	10.5	28.1	19.9	4.8	3.4	9.3
Cons. Staples	8.5	5.6	9.9	8.9	2.0	3.5
Energy	10.1	2.6	1.6	14.9	0.3	1.3
Financials	23.4	15.3	31.9	21.4	12.6	9.0
Health Care	5.6	6.9	2.1	3.4	1.3	6.2
Industrials	8.3	5.8	2.4	9.7	4.8	11.7
Technology	14.4	6.2	0.1	1.3	66.0	41.0
Materials	11.3	3.9	19.8	23.3	6.8	10.1
Real Estate	1.2	3.9	4.1	1.1	0.6	0.2
Utilities	3.5	2.6		9.5		0.5
HHI*	208	317	443	760	1,295	1,580

State-Owned Enterprise weights in Emerging markets

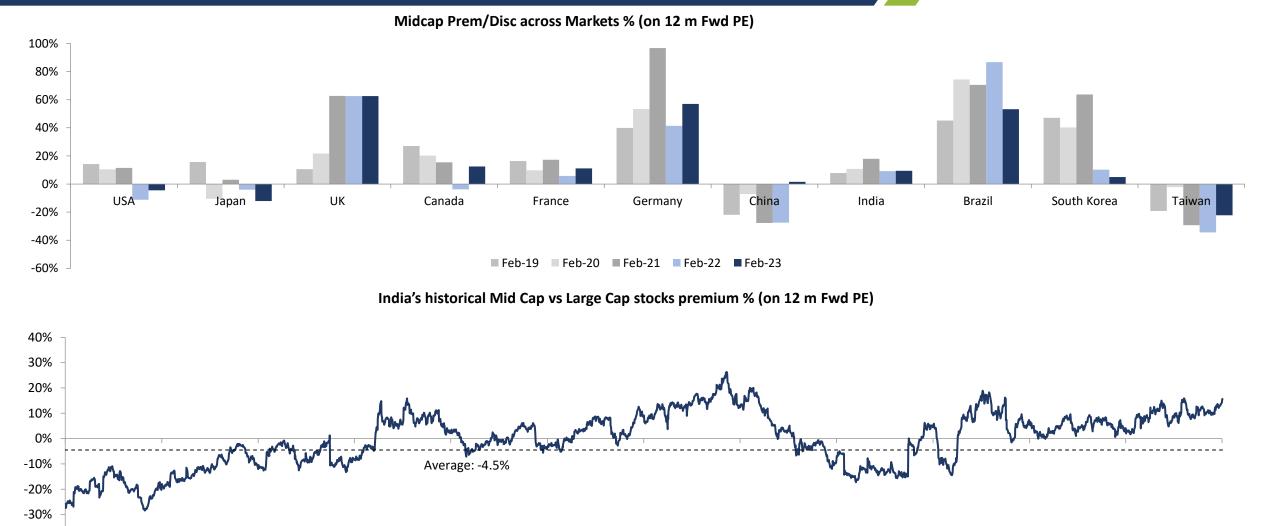


Source: Factset, White Oak, Data as of Feb 2023

* Herfindahl–Hirschman Index (HHI) as calculated by Factset provides numerical measure of the portfolio concentration of an aggregate. This is measured by summing the squared weights of the constituents. Weights of securities that have the same parent equity are consolidated for this metric.

Mid-Cap Multiples Premium/Discount



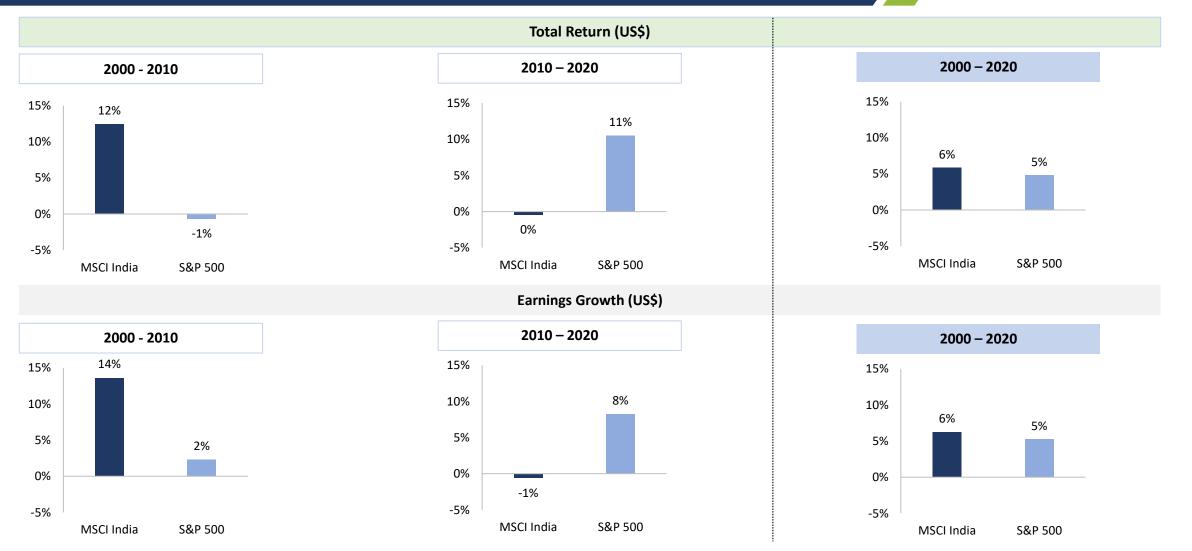


Source: Bloomberg. Data as of January 2023, data for SMID vs Large cap 12m forward PE ratio for respective country's MSCI index.

-40%

A tale of two decades – India vs US





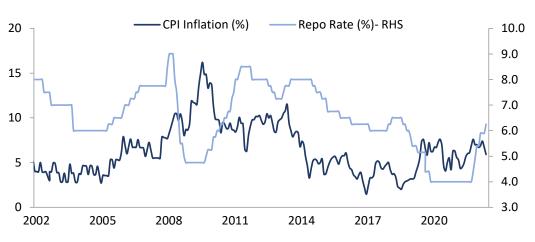




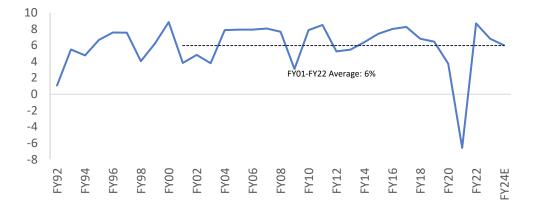
Macroeconomic Indicators are supportive



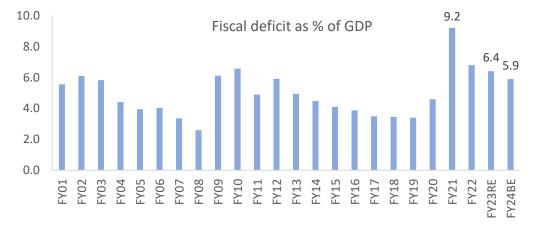
Inflation and Interest Rates



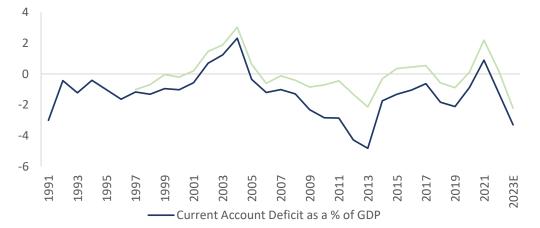
Real GDP Growth Rate (%)



Fiscal Deficit



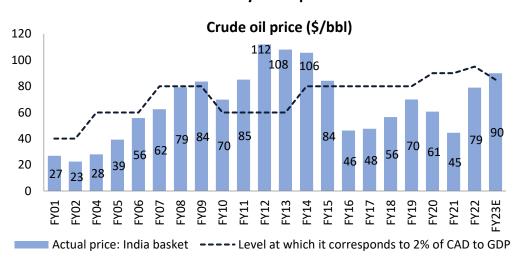
Current Account Deficit (CAD) to GDP, %



Source: Bloomberg, Reserve Bank of India. * FY23 budgeted estimate as per FY23 Union Budget announcement, Updated through Feb 2023; FY refers to Fiscal year (ending March) CY refers to calendar year (ending Dec). GDP = Gross Domestic Product

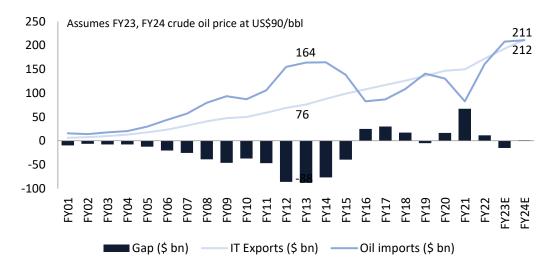
Evolving dynamics of external sector





Vulnerability to oil prices lower....

As IT exports have surpassed the oil import bill



- For every US\$10/bbl increase in crude oil prices, it is estimated that CAD to GDP increases by 40bps
- Over the years, growing software exports and narrowing of non-oil trade deficit due to rising exports in engineering goods, electronics and textiles have reduced India's vulnerability to higher crude oil prices
- Initiatives like Production Linked Incentive (PLI) scheme likely to further reduce import dependency in manufacturing sector

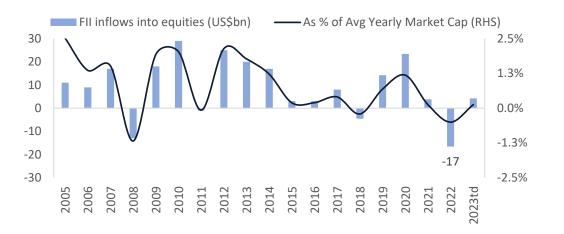
Source: Bloomberg, Spark, White Oak. CAD= Current Account Deficit; GDP = Gross Domestic Product. Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice.

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

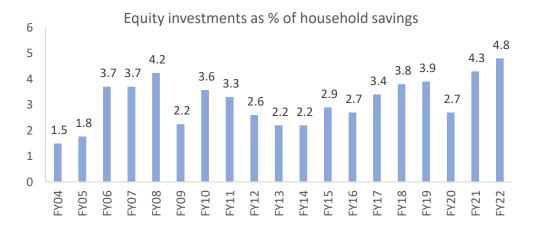
Equity Market Inflows



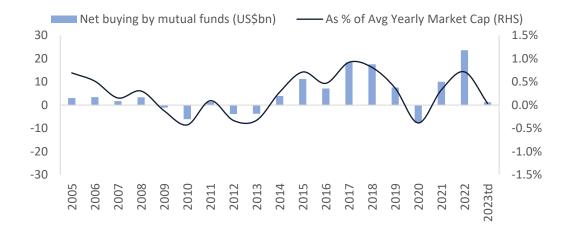
Foreign Institutional Investors (FII) Flows (US\$ billion)



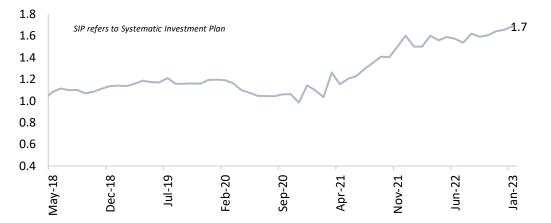
Domestic Savings in Equities (%)



Net buying by domestic mutual funds (US\$ billion)



SIP inflows into mutual funds (US\$bn)

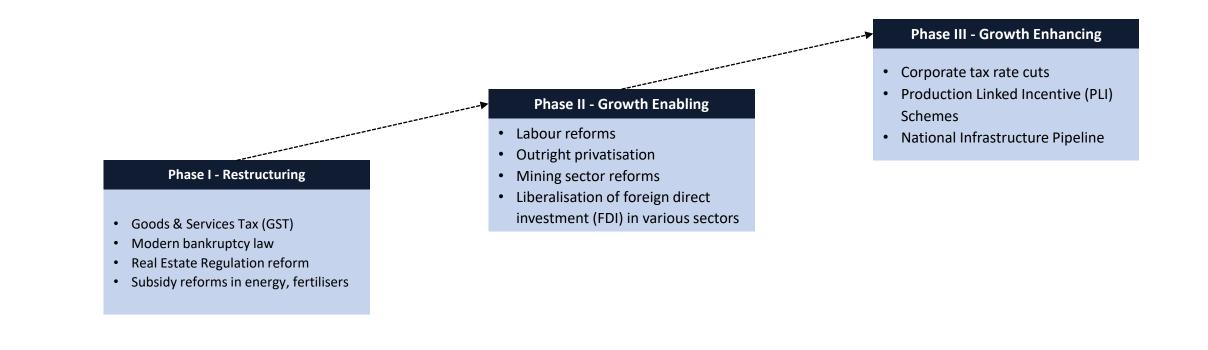


Source: Bloomberg, NSDL, SEBI, AMFI. FII and mutual funds inflows data for calendar year; FY refers to Fiscal year (ending March) CY refers to calendar year (ending Dec).

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

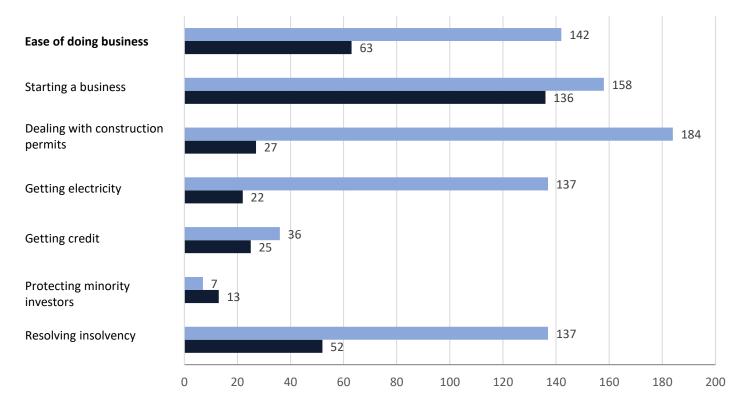
Reforms progressing in the right direction...





...Reflected in improved 'Ease of Doing Business' rankings





Ranks across various components of Ease of Doing Business (across 189 countries)

2015 2020

Source: World Bank Report as of 2020

Production Linked Incentives (PLI) for manufacturing



Sector	Outlay (US\$bn)				
Execution stage					
Mobiles and electronics	5.5				
Pharmaceuticals	2.0				
Telecom & Networking Products	1.6				
IT Hardware	1.0				
Others	3.7				
Policy formulation/approval stage					
Semiconductors	10.0				
Automobiles	3.5				
Solar PV modules	3.2				
Advance Chemistry Cell Battery	2.4				
Others	2.3				
Total	35.2				

What is different?

- Time bound
- Focus on creating national champions
- Incentives linked to production

Global companies which have applied or commenced operations

- Electronics: Samsung, Foxconn, Wistron, Pegatron
- Telecom products: CommScope, Flextronics, Jabil Circuit
- Auto OEM: Hyundai, Suzuki, Kia, Ford
- White goods: Daikin, Panasonic, Hitachi

Source: PIB, Credit Suisse, White Oak Research

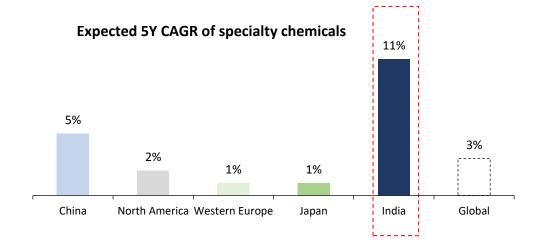
Make in India

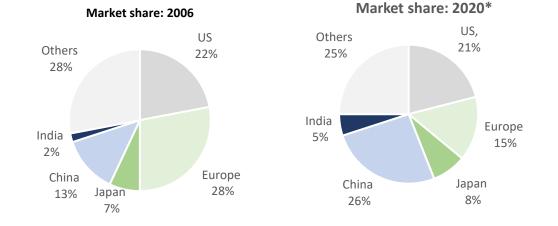
Indian speciality chemicals industry positioned strongly to win global market share

- MNCs seek to diversify procurement away from China
- Covid has exposed global supply chain vulnerability
- China's erstwhile competitive advantages of labour cost, and lax compliance are weakening

Advantage India

- Strong adherence to global manufacturing standards
- Capabilities in complex chemistry
- Strong IP protection





Source: Aarti Industries AGM Presentation of Sep 2022, CMIE, White Oak; Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice.



Robust Long-term Market Returns



		India			United States		
	2000	2022	Delta	2000	2022	Delta	
Economy							
Nominal GDP (US\$ billion) ¹	477	3,500	7.3x	10,251	25,000	2.4x	
Per Capita GDP (US\$) ¹	451	2,500	5.5x	36,313	75,000	2.1x	
Corporate Earnings per share (US\$) ²	7.3	30.3	4.2x	56.2	200.1	3.6x	
Equity Market Index (US\$) ²	100	929	9.3x	1,837	8,178	4.5x	
Market Cap (US\$ billion) ³	184	3,330	18.1x	15,226	41,061	2.7x	

Major macroeconomic and geopolitical setbacks

- 2000: coming out of Kargil war (1999) with Pakistan
- Terrorist attack on Parliament 2001, Mumbai train attacks in 2006, attacks on Mumbai Hotels in 2008
- 2008: Global Financial Crisis
- Oil Price volatility from US\$25 per bbl to over US\$145
- 2010 2014: Telecom spectrum (2G) scam; Commonwealth Games scam; Coal scam; Bribe-for-loan and other scams
- 2020: Covid pandemic
- 2022: Russia's invasion of Ukraine

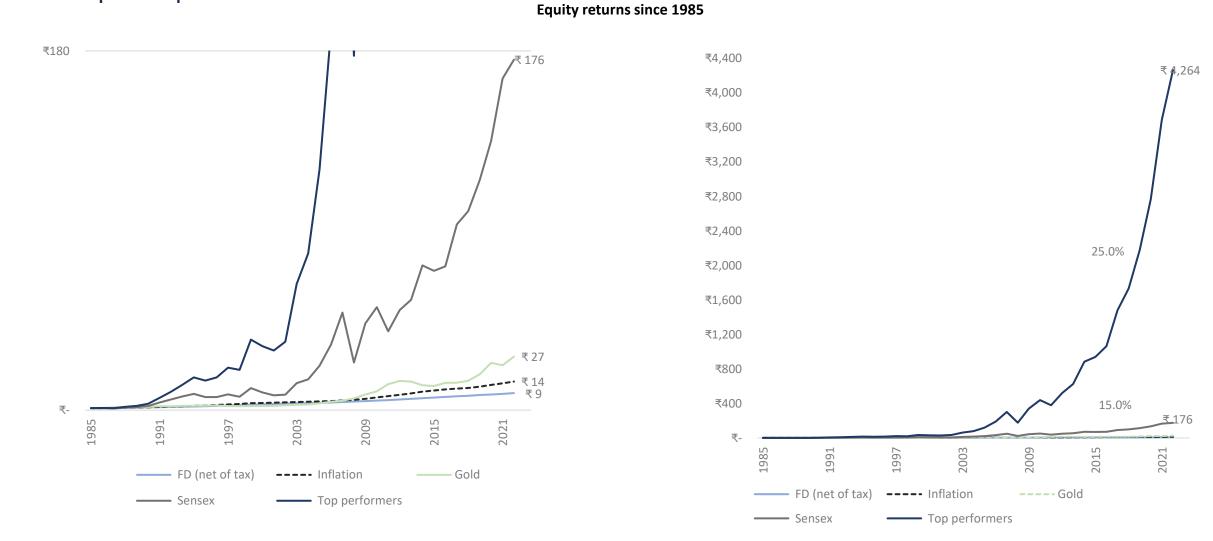
Source: Bloomberg, Reserve Bank of India.¹ CY 2022 estimates as per IMF ²Returns between Dec 2000 – Dec 2022 for MSCI India Net Total Return USD Index (M1IN Index) and S&P 500 Total Return Index (SPTR Index); ³Data for WCAUINDI Index, WCAUUS Index between Dec 2000 – Dec 2022; GDP = Gross Domestic Product.

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

Guaranteed Real Loss vs Compounding Gains







Source: Bloomberg, Updated till Dec 31, 2022

Lessons from 2020



Macro-Shacro

20-20 from 2020: The futility of predicting investment returns based on macroeconomic worries and events

Lesson #1

- The usual perennial macroeconomic worries of the well-known unknowns variety are a colossal waste of time
- They hardly influence the future returns from equity markets, if any at all

Lesson #2

- Nobody has a crystal ball to forecast cataclysmic risk events of the unknown unknown variety, ex: the pandemic
- Market implications remain unpredictable even if one were bestowed with perfect prior knowledge

Lesson #3

• Investment decisions bereft of bottom up analysis, and instead driven by macro considerations, are fraught with high risk of substantial absolute and relative losses

White Oak's Perspective



THE ART AND SCIENCE OF INVESTING

The value of the market at any time is present value of aggregate perpetual future cash flows

The market is fairy valued at all times

Relevance of Macro

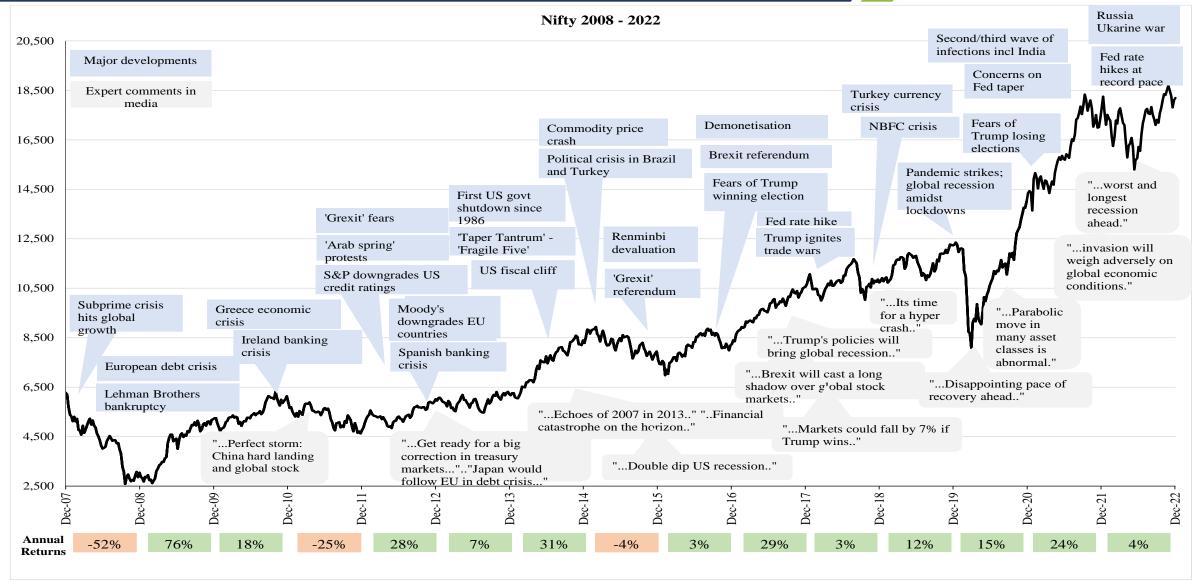
- View macros as source of random risks, not as opportunity to add alpha
- Consciously avoid top-down misadventures market timing, sector rotation
- Stay fully invested, with a bottom up approach to investing in great businesses at attractive valuations
- Maintain a balanced portfolio construction approach at all times

For illustrative purposes only; Views and opinions expressed are for informational purposes only and do not constitute a recommendation by White Oak to buy, sell, or hold any security. Views and opinions are current as of the date of this page and may be subject to change, they should not be construed as investment advice.

Nifty 2008 - 2022



THE ART AND SCIENCE OF INVESTING

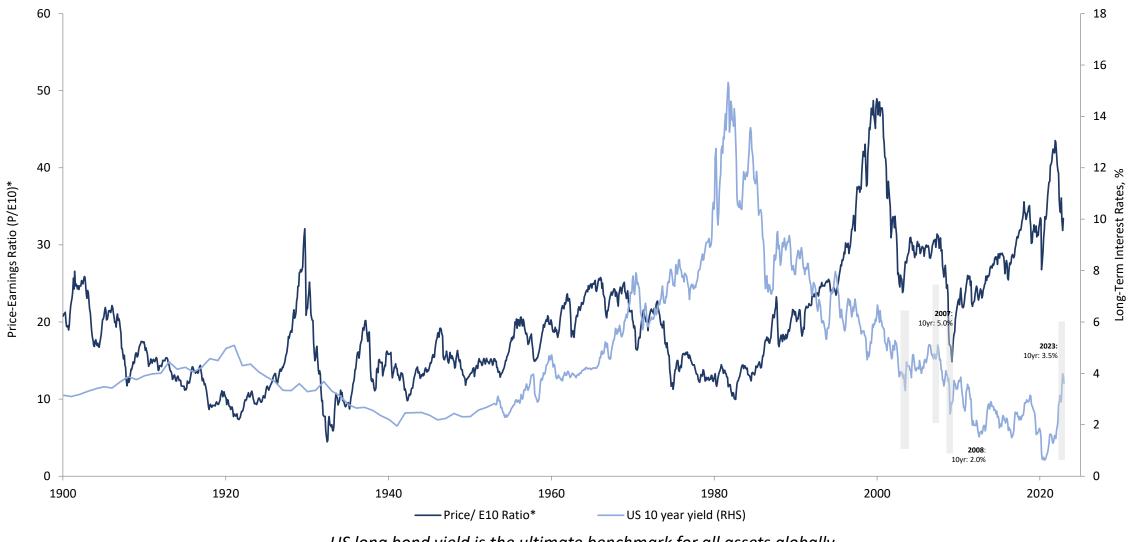


Source: Bloomberg, As of Dec 2022

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

Lower interest rates have contributed to higher multiples globally





US long bond yield is the ultimate benchmark for all assets globally

Source: Yale University, as of Jan 2023, *Price/ (average earnings over 10 years) or Cyclically adjusted PE (CAPE), adapted from Robert Shiller (Yale University)





Portfolio Performance - India Acorn Fund Limited*



S&P BSE 250 Small cap¹

-2.7%

-4.8%

-1.0%

59.1%

27.9%

-8.4%

-23.7%

17.7%

8.6%

57.6%

01 September 2017 – 28 February 2023, Net of Fees in INR

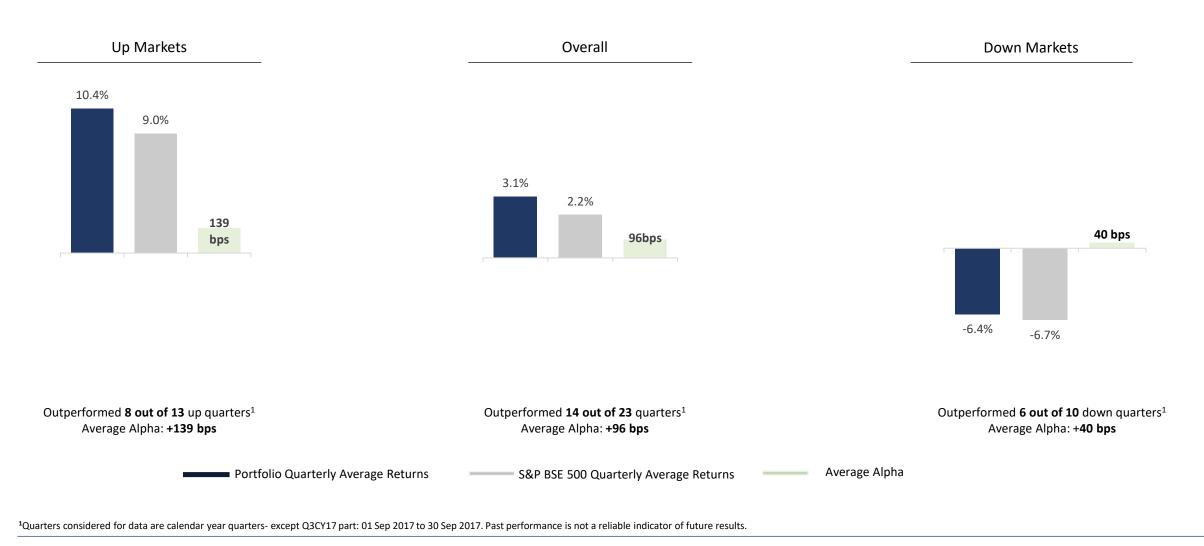
	Fund	Benchmark % S&P BSE 500 ¹	Excess Returns (bps)
February 2023	-2.8%	-2.7%	-1
YTD 2023	-5.4%	-6.0%	+58
2022	-11.0%	4.8%	-1581
2021	37.8%	31.6%	+615
2020	38.9%	18.4%	+2049
2019	13.4%	9.0%	+444
2018	1.3%	-1.8%	+310
Partial 2017	20.6%	9.2%	+1140
S.I. (Annualised) ²	15.7%	11.2%	+450
S.I. (Cumulative) ²	123.1%	79.4%	+4374

India Acorn Fund (Cayman) : 01 Sept 2017. ¹ All indices are Net Total Return. ² The NAV for 31 January 2023 is based on estimates and hence the performance might be restated post the final valuation. The performance is net of all fees and expenses for Founder class shares at the
Master Fund level. Fund performance in INR v/s S&P BSE 500 TR Index. The performance is after accounting for all taxes paid on realized gains but doesn't account for potential taxes on unrealized gains. Please note the published NAV of India Acorn Fund (Cayman) is after
adjusting for potential taxes on unrealised gain, and to that extent its performance may differ from the above. Performance is calculated using Net NAV of India Acorn Fund (Cayman). *White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd acts as an investment manager to India Acorn Fund
Limited. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Average Quarterly Performance in Different Market Environments



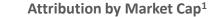
01 September 2017 – 28 February 2023, for Founder class shares

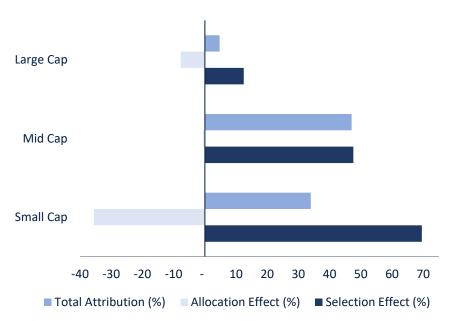


Market Cap Attribution Analysis - India Acorn Fund Limited*



Stock selection drives performance : 01 September 2017 – 28 February 2023





	Fund		Benchmark		Attribution			
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attribution (%)	
Large Cap	45.1	137.5	79.3	91.0	10.8	-6.6	4.2	
Mid Cap	22.7	249.3	13.7	64.1	44.4	-0.3	44.0	
Small Cap	27.7	197.6	6.9	9.8	63.2	-31.8	31.3	
Cash/Futures/Others	4.5	2.2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-6.2	
Total	100.0	152.8	100.0	79.5	118.3	-45.0	73.3	

¹FactSet's Attribution Analysis. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines.* White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd acts as an investment manager to India Acorn Fund Limited

Sector Attribution Analysis¹



Total

Attribution

(%)

6.9

16.4

-3.1

-3.0

15.3

18.1

7.7

11.1

10.7

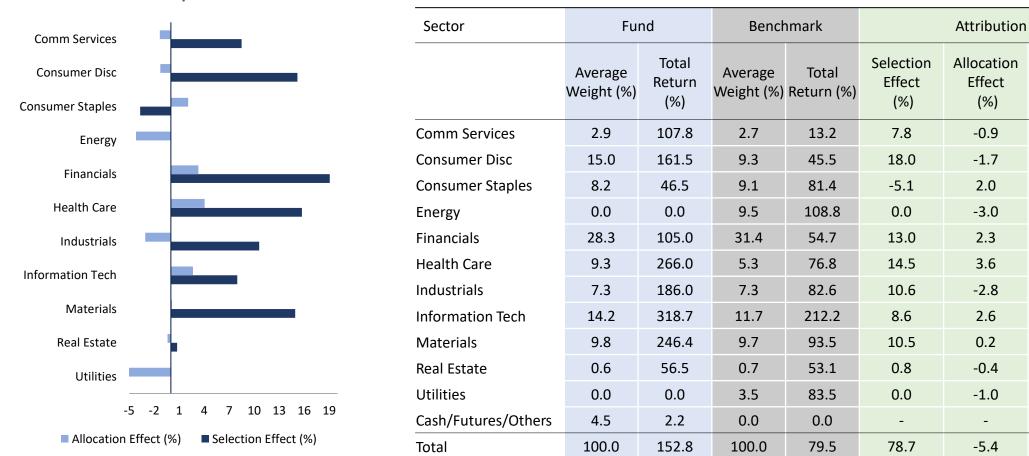
0.5

-1.0

-6.2

73.3

Stock selection drives performance : 01 September 2017 – 28 February 2023



Attribution by Sector

¹ FactSet's Attribution Analysis: GICS Classification. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. * White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd acts as an investment manager to India Acorn Fund Limited

Portfolio Performance - India Acorn Fund Limited*



Top 10 contributors and detractors for 01 September 2017 – 28 February 2023

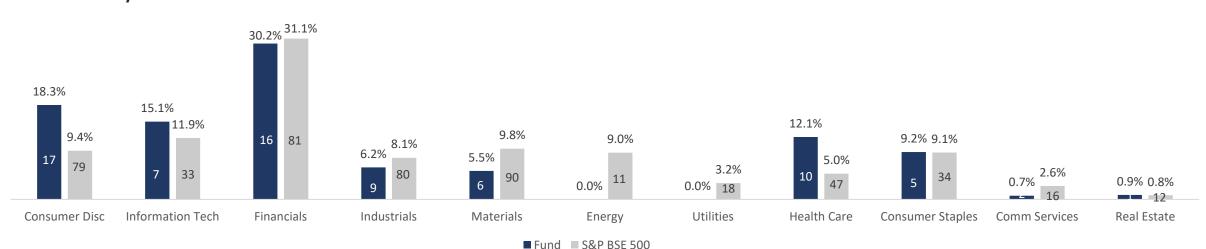
Top 10 Contributors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)	
LTIMindtree	0.0	+395.9	+738	
Info Edge India	0.3	+245.4	+662	
Navin Fluorine International	1.6	+647.2	+539	
IPCA Laboratories	0.0	+269.6	+492	
V I P Industries	0.0	+15.3	+481	
KEI Industries	0.0	+35.6	+465	
L&T Technology Services	0.6	+347.2	+446	
Dixon Technologies (India)	0.0	+334.3	+415	
Balkrishna Industries	0.5	-1.1	+389	
Coforge	2.5	+303.7	+351	

Top 10 Detractors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)	
Dishman Carbogen Amcis	0.0	-65.1	-273	
Bharti Airtel	0.0	-12.9	-250	
Karur Vysya Bank	0.0	-20.4	-217	
Camlin Fine Sciences	0.0	-57.3	-206	
CarTrade Tech	0.6	-66.0	-162	
PB Fintech	0.0	-20.2	-141	
Godrej Industries	0.0	-33.3	-131	
Heritage Foods	0.0	-22.1	-127	
Indigo Paints	0.0	-31.1	-114	
Infosys	4.8	+73.4	-110	

Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. * White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd acts as an investment manager to India Acorn Fund Limited

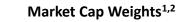
Portfolio Composition

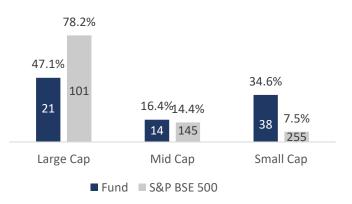




GICS Sector Weights¹

As at 28 February 2023





Kev	chara	cteristics ³
	en a a	0001100100

	Portfolio	Sensex
Number of Holdings	76	30
Weighted Avg Market Cap	US \$20.7 bn	US \$76.1 bn
FY22 ROE	20.3%	13.5%
FY23 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF	27.6x	31.7x
FY24 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF	23.3x	27.4x
FY23 P/E	20.6x	19.4x
FY24 P/E	17.6x	17.1x
Projected Revenue 3 year cagr	14.9%	9.5%
Projected Earnings 3 year cagr	16.3%	13.0%

¹The number inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. ETF's and Index futures have been included in large cap. ²Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines. ³White Oak Research, Bloomberg. *The official benchmark for India Acorn Fund is S&P BSE 500, however, MSCI India IMI is shown for illustrative purposes. White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd acts as an investment manager to India Acorn Fund Limited

STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL - DO NOT REPRODUCE

Assets Under Management or Advisory: US\$ 5.5 bn



DOMESTIC ASSETS (~ INR 14,726 crs)			INTERNATIONAL ASSETS (~ INR 30,878 crs)					
					Ashoka India Equity Investment Trust PLC	UCITS		
Name of Portfolio	Portfolio Management Services (PMS)	White Oak India Equity Fund (II, Select, IV, V & VI)	WhiteOak Capital Mutual Fund	India Acorn Fund		Ashoka WhiteOak India Opportunities Fund, India ESG Fund	Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Equity Fund, GEM Ex- India Fund	Institutional Mandates
Details	Separately managed individual accounts	A closed-end onshore fund domiciled in India as a Category III Alternative Investment Fund (AIF)	Trust that collects money from a number of investors who share a common investment objective	An open-ended offshore fund domiciled in Mauritius as a Collective Investment Scheme	Closed-end Investment Company (Listed on LSE)	An open-ended ICAV fund domiciled in Ireland as a Collective Investment Scheme		Separately Managed Accounts
Launch date	Various	March 2019, May 2020, April 2021 and Feb 2022	July 2022	September 2017	July 2018	December 2018	June 2022 and Dec 2022	Various
AUM ¹	\$1,065 m	\$413 m	\$ 303 m	\$223 m	\$253 m	\$1,176 m	\$28 m	\$2,054 m
Market Cap Composition	Various	60-40% mid/small cap	Various	60-40% mid/small cap	60-40% mid/small cap	50-65% large cap 35-50% mid/small cap	50-65% large cap 35-50% mid/small cap	Various
Core client base	Onshore Indian family offices & HNIs	Onshore Indian family offices & HNIs	Onshore Indian retail clients, family offices & HNIs	US/Europe/Asia institutions, family offices and HNIs	UK HNIs & family offices	European private banks & family offices	European private banks & family offices	Institutions, family offices

¹ Data as on 28 February 2023

Prashant Khemka, CFA

Founder, White Oak Group

Prashant founded White Oak Capital Management in June 2017. Prior to this he was the CIO and lead portfolio manager of GS India Equity Strategy at Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM) during March 2007 to March 2017, and also for the Global Emerging Markets (GEM) Equity during June 2013 to March 2017. As lead PM, he managed all mutual funds and separate accounts under these strategies. Prashant started his professional investing career in 1998 at SSGA in Boston as senior portfolio officer of Enhanced International equity in the quant group. He started his career at GSAM in 2000 as a research analyst in US Growth Equity, and by 2004 he rose to become Senior Portfolio Manager and Co-Chair of the Investment Committee. Prashant returned to Mumbai in 2006 to start GSAM India business and served as the CIO and CEO/Co-CEO of their domestic Asset Management Company. In 2013, in addition to India he was also made the CIO and lead PM of GEM equity. He won several accolades as the CIO and Lead PM of GS India Equity. He and his fund won several awards including AAA rating from Citywire and Elite rating from Fund calibre among others. Prashant graduated with honors from Mumbai University with a BE in Mechanical Engineering and earned an MBA in Finance from Vanderbilt University, where he received the Matt Wigginton Leadership Award for outstanding performance in Finance. He was awarded the CFA designation in 2001 and is a fellow of the Ananta Aspen Centre, India.

Manoj Garg

Manoj is responsible for Pharma, Auto and Chemicals sectors. He has 26 years of relevant experience and has been in White Oak since 2017. He has a strong track record in equity research in healthcare and pharmaceuticals over the last 11 years working as lead analyst at leading brokerage houses in India. Prior to joining White Oak, he was with Merrill Lynch where he was highest voted analyst by external as well as internal clients. He ranked #1 / #2 in the All Asia Institutional Survey 2015/2016 in the Healthcare category. He began his career in the pharmaceutical industry working with companies like Cipla and Ipca for 10 years. He graduated as Gold medallist from Nagpur University with an MBA in Finance.

Ramesh Mantri, CIO Equities

Ramesh is responsible for Technology, Building Materials, Industrials and Metals sectors. He has 19 years of experience in investing and financial analysis across sectors and joined White Oak in 2017. Ramesh had founded Ashoka Capital Advisers that advised a fund and family offices on equity investment in South Asia. Earlier, he was part of the two member team which invested in South Asia in equity and debt for Alden Global Capital, a US based hedge fund for over 7 years. Prior to this he was an analyst at CRISIL (majority owned by Standard and Poor's), India's leading rating agency and covered the financial sector. Ramesh is a CFA charter holder, MBA from Faculty of Management Studies, Delhi and passed the Chartered Accountancy course.

Parag Jariwala, CFA

Parag is responsible for the Financial Services sector. Parag completed over 13 years in institutional equity research covering the Banking and Financial Services Institutions (BFSI) sector and joined White Oak in 2017. Prior to joining White Oak, he worked as a lead analyst with Religare Capital. Before that he has worked with Macquarie and other domestic sell side firms covering BFSI sector. He was highly rated by marquee institutional clients for his original think pieces and primary research work in the sector. Parag is a chartered accountant and MBA from K J Somaiya Institute of Management of Mumbai University. He also holds CFA charter from the CFA Institute (AIMR).





Rohit Chordia

Rohit covers the Consumer, Telecom, Energy and Utilities sectors. He has over 18 years of total experience with over 14 years in the investment industry having covered the Indian Telecom, Consumers and IT services sectors as a sell-side analyst at Kotak Institutional Equities. He joined White Oak in 2020. Rohit was consistently ranked amongst the top analysts in both his lead coverage sectors in polls conducted by Institutional Investor and Asia Money. Prior to his sell-side stint, Rohit spent a couple of years working with Ameriprise Financial as a financial analyst on areas like competitive intelligence and cost reengineering.

Rohit holds a Post Graduate Diploma in Management from IIM Calcutta and a B.E. (Honours) degree from BITS, Pilani.

Ayush Abhijeet

Ayush is responsible for covering the Technology, Consumer discretionary and Metals sectors. He has over 10 years of experience in investment management and trading of structured products and complex derivatives. He joined White Oak in 2017. Prior to joining White Oak Capital Ayush worked as an Investment Analyst at Avendus Capital in Indian public equities. Before starting a career in Investment Management he had stints with Deutsche Bank and Credit Suisse in macro structuring and trading in Mumbai. He also had a short stint with UBS Investment Bank's FICC trading desk in Singapore. He holds a B.Tech from IIT Delhi and a PGDM from IIM Ahmedabad.

Trupti Agrawal

Trupti is responsible for Retail and Building Materials sectors. She has 14 years of total work experience and joined White Oak in 2017. She has also been an entrepreneur and has run her own ecommerce venture prior to joining White Oak Capital. She started her career as a statutory auditor with Ernst & Young's affiliate in India, S. R. Batliboi & Co. She later joined the credit team at L&T Infrastructure Finance Limited where she was responsible for evaluating credit for large projects and corporate finance deals across Infrastructure, Resources and Capital goods.

Trupti is a Chartered Accountant and a graduate of commerce from Osmania University.

Anand Bhavnani, CFA | FRM

Anand is responsible for covering the Financial Services sector. He has more than 10 years of experience across Equity Research, Fund Management and Derivatives. He joined White Oak in 2021. Before joining White Oak, at Unifi Capital he assisted the CIO in managing Blend & Deep Value Discount (DVD) funds and tracked Chemicals, Pharma and select midcaps across sectors. Prior to Unifi Capital, he worked with Sameeksha Capital and had a short stint with Citi Global Markets in London. He started his career in financial markets as a Derivatives trader with Futures First. Anand has done M Sc. in Financial Economics from University of Oxford and graduated with distinction from Nirma Institute of Technology in Electronics & Communication engineering.



Neeraj Parkash

Neeraj is responsible for Industrials, Energy and Utilities sectors. He has five years of experience in equity research on the buy side and joined White Oak in 2021. Prior to joining White Oak, he worked as an investment analyst at Nepean Capital, an India focused mid and small-cap fund, where he covered a wide range of sectors including healthcare, chemicals, consumer, and financial services. Prior to Nepean Capital, he was an equity research analyst at Lazard Asset Management, in New York, covering the healthcare sector within US Equities. Neeraj has a Bachelor of Arts in Economics and Psychology from Cornell University, New York.

Aman Kapadia

Aman is responsible for Forensic accounting, ESG and Primary research. He has over four years of experience and joined White Oak in 2020. Prior to joining White Oak Capital, Aman has worked as an Investigative Journalist with BloombergQuint where he was responsible for research and reportage of corporate governance issues. Prior to that, Aman worked as an Internal Auditor with Sharp & Tannan Associates for a total of 3 years as an articled assistant and later as employee. Aman is a Chartered Accountant and a graduate of commerce from Veer Narmad South Gujarat University.

Anupriya Gupta

Anupriya is responsible for analysing Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) related risks within portfolio companies. She has around 10 years of experience in diverse domains. Prior to joining White Oak, she was in ICICI Bank as team lead in ESG related credit research responsible for integration of ESG risks in credit risk management process of corporate portfolio. She began her career with Crisil Global Research and Analytics in equity research covering US Metals and Mining (specifically Precious Metal companies). She graduated from IIM Raipur with PGDM in Finance.

Sanjay Vaid, Trading Advisor

Sanjay has over 33 years of experience in the asset management, equity trading, and equities broking industry. Prior to joining us he was Director & Head of Equity Sales Trading at Religare Capital Markets. Before that he was Executive Director – Fundamental Equity trading at Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM), responsible for trading for GS India equity fund. Before joining GSAM, he was Co-Head Equities at SBICAP Securities. Prior to that he was responsible for trading at HSBC Asset Management and SBI Mutual Fund, which are amongst the largest India funds. Sanjay began his career with Unit Trust of India, working in various capacities for 15 years. Sanjay graduated with honors in Economics from Delhi University and earned an MBA in Finance from Faculty of Management Studies, Delhi University. He is a Certified Associate of Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB).

Chaitanya Kapur, Trading Advisor

Chaitanya has four years of experience and is a Chartered Accountant and has received a Bachelor's degree in Commerce (Accounting and Finance) from Mumbai University. He has worked as an Articled Assistant at Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP where he worked on statutory audits in the Automobile, Financial services, Pharmaceutical, Chemicals and Industrial sectors.



Arthur Kadish

Arthur has 15 years of experience and joins from Eastspring Investments where he was an Asian equity analyst responsible for generating ideas and researching industries across the region. Prior to that, Arthur was a global equity analyst at Orbis Investments in London. Arthur is a Chartered Financial Analyst and obtained his MA in Modern History from University of Oxford.

Nori Chiou

Nori joins from Tokio Marine Asset Management where he was an investment analyst with expertise on Information Technology sector across Asia. Prior to that, he was also involved in long/short strategy of the US/Asia investment and different sell-side roles in Hong Kong/Taiwan. He joined the investment industry since 2011.

Wen Loong Lim

Loong has nine years of investment experience and currently covers semiconductors and tech hardware at White Oak. His previous position prior to joining White Oak was with Maitri Asset Management as a Senior Equity Analyst. Loong started his career at M&G Investments in London where he spent 7 years on the Global Emerging Markets team. He was a generalist across sectors and geographies but developed a deep understanding of the tech and industrial sectors, particularly in North Asia. During his time at M&G, Loong developed from an analyst to a deputy fund manager and finally managing M&G's China Strategy before leaving the company to return to Singapore. Loong read Philosophy, Politics & Economics at the University of Warwick. He is a CFA Charterholder.

Fadrique Balmaseda

Fadrique is responsible for covering Consumer discretionary, Industrials and Diversified Financials. He has over 10 years of experience in investment management. Prior to joining White Oak Capital Fadrique worked as Portfolio Manager at Chronos Global Equity, focusing on global listed equities. Before starting Chronos Fadrique worked at Goldman Sachs Asset Management in London, where he worked as an Equity Analyst for Goldman's Emerging Markets Equity Team. Prior to that he spent 18 months at Goldman Sachs' Fund sales team. He holds a double degree in Law and Business administration from ICADE University in Madrid.

Dheeresh Pathak, CFA

Dheeresh is responsible for covering the Healthcare and Chemical sectors. He has over 15 years of rich experience in investment management. He joined White Oak in June 2022. Prior to joining White Oak, Dheeresh was the Executive Director at Goldman Sachs Asset Management. During his 14 years at Goldman Sachs he covered a wide range of sectors including Healthcare, Chemicals, Telecom & Media, Logistics, Building Materials and Retail. At Goldman Sachs India Equity Fund , Dheeresh was among the top rated professionals generating the highest alpha per unit of capital. He holds a B.E in Electronics Engineering from Punjab Engineering College (Gold Medallist) and a PGDBM from MDI Gurgaon

Shariq Merchant

Shariq is responsible for covering the Auto and Consumer (ex-retail) sectors. He has over 11 years of experience in the financial services industry and joined White Oak in 2022. Prior to joining White Oak, Shariq worked as an Investment Analyst with Duro Capital, covering autos, consumer and healthcare. Before that he worked as an analyst with Quest Investment Advisors and the Ambit Group where he worked across multiple roles spanning sell side, strategy and investment management. He is a Chartered Accountant and has cleared all 3 levels of the CFA program.

Disclaimer



Terms & Conditions with respect to this Presentation:

The purpose of this presentation is to provide general information of a product structure to prospective investors in a manner to assist them in understanding the product. The Presentation is purely for information purposes and should not be construed to be investment recommendation/advice or an offer or solicitation of an offer to buy/sell any securities. This Presentation is for the personal information of the authorized recipient(s) and is not for public distribution and should not be reproduced or redistributed to any other person or in any form without prior permission of White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP (White Oak Capital Management). While reasonable endeavors have been made to present reliable data in the Presentation, but White Oak Capital Management does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the data in the Presentation. White Oak Capital Management or any of its connected persons including its subsidiaries or associates or partners or employees shall not be in any way responsible for any loss or damage that may arise to any person from any inadvertent error in the information contained, views and opinions expressed in this Presentation. Past performance should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of future performance, and no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made regarding future performance. Information, opinions and estimates contained in this Presentation reflect a judgment of its original date of publication by White Oak Capital Management and use subject to change without notice. This Presentation is not directed or intended for distribution to, or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction, where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to local law, regulation or which would subject White Oak Capital Management and its affiliates to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction The product described herein may or may no

This presentation is qualified in its entirety by the Disclosure Document/Client Agreement and other related documents, copies of which will be provided to prospective investors. All investors must read the detailed Disclosure Document/Client Agreement including the Risk Factors and consult their tax advisors, before making any investment decision/contribution to be managed under the Portfolio Management Services offered by White Oak Capital Management. Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meaning assigned to such terms in the PPM and other documents.

Direct Investment: For availing Portfolio Management Services you can reach us directly without any third-party intermediation by emailing us at <u>contact@whiteoakindia.com</u> or by calling us on +91-22- 62308100.

Portfolio Manager: White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP

Contact Details – Registered and Corporate Office - Unit 6 B2/B3, 6th Floor, Cnergy Building, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025. Tel: (91-22) 62308100 / 8182

Investor Queries - Email: contact@whiteoakindia.com

Registration Details – INP000005865