

WHITE OAK CAPITAL MANAGEMENT White Oak India Top 200 PMS

August 2021

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Agenda



- i. Introduction, Portfolio Manager Profile & Portfolio Strategy
- ii. Investment Culture & Team Structure
- iii. Portfolio Construction & Risk Management
- iv. White Oak India Top 200 PMS
- v. Case Studies
- vi. Summary of Terms
- vii. Appendix

White Oak Overview



Company Overview

<u>AUM</u>²: ~ US\$5.3 bn

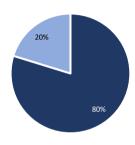
Headcount: 114

Offices:

India, Mauritius, Singapore,
Switzerland and UK

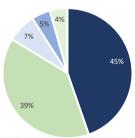
- Founded by Prashant Khemka in June 2017
- Prior to White Oak Prashant served as the CIO and Lead PM of both Goldman Sachs India since March 2007, and Global Emerging Markets Equity since June 2013
- Research underpinned on a 'proprietary analytical model' 1 honed over two decades; replicable across markets and businesses
- Performance first culture built-upon:
 - (a) team of local experts with global experience
 - (b) bottom-up stock selection philosophy
 - (c) disciplined fundamental research
 - (d) balanced portfolio construction

Firmwide AUM Split (%) - By Geography



India Offshore %
 India Onshore %

Firmwide AUM Split (%) - By Type of Investors



- Segregated Institutional Accounts
- PB, WM, FO, Retail & HNWI
- Asset Managers, FoF
- Endowment, Foundation
- Others

¹Trademarked as OpcoFinco™ framework . ²AUM as of 31 August 2021.

Founder's Profile and Track Record

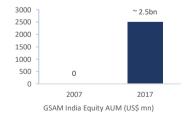


Extensive investing record across India, GEM and the US

- Prashant joined Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM) in 2000 in the US Growth Equity team
- In 2004, he became Senior PM and Co-Chair of the Investment Committee on the US Growth Equity team which managed US\$25 bn
- Returned to Mumbai in 2006 to start GSAM India business, where he served as CIO and CEO / Co-CEO until 2013
- In 2013, Prashant moved to Singapore as CIO and Lead PM of both India and Global Emerging Markets
- Directly managed more than US\$5.0 bn out of the USD\$6.5 bn managed by his team
- Prashant and the funds managed by him at GSAM earned several awards including Citywire AAA rating and FundCalibre Elite rating
- Prashant is AAA rated by Citywire based on the three year risk-adjusted performance across all funds he is managing to 31st July 2021

CIO and Lead PM of GS India Equity

- Prashant launched GS India Equity strategy in March 2007 with US\$
 5.0mn seed capital from Goldman Sachs
- Scaled GS India Equity business to U\$\$2.5 bn with distribution across multiple channels in Europe, Asia, and USA
- Since inception the strategy delivered peer group leading cumulative 265.8% gross USD returns¹ vs. 66.1% for its benchmark



CIO and Lead PM of GS GEM Equity

- Prashant took over as CIO and Lead PM of GS GEM Strategy in 2013 with approximately US\$600 mn in total assets
- Scaled GEM business to US\$2.6 bn with distribution across multiple channels in Europe, Asia and USA
- During his tenure, the strategy delivered peer group leading cumulative 36.3% gross USD returns² vs. 13.1% for its benchmark



¹Past performance Gross of Fees in US\$ for GS India Equity Portfolio. ²Past performance Gross of Fees in US\$ for GS EM Equity Portfolio.

[&]quot;Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results and returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. There can be no assurance that comparable results can be achieved or that similar investment strategy can be implemented or that investment objectives can be achieved."

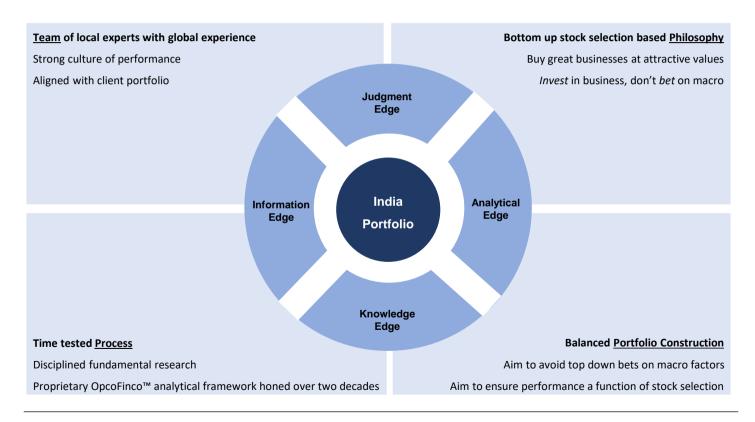


Investment Culture: Team, Philosophy, Process & Portfolio Construction

Focused Investment Culture



Performance first





Our Team

Well resourced team of local experts with global experience

	Team ¹	Years of Experience	Coverage		Team¹	Years of Experience	Coverage		Team ¹	Years of Experience	Coverage			
	Prashant Khemka ³ CITYWIRE AAA	23	Founder		Manoj Garg	25	Pharma, Chemicals, Auto	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	Sanjay Vaid	32	Trading Advisor			
	Team ²	Years of Experience	Coverage		Team ²	Years of Experience	Coverage		Team ²	Years of Experience	Coverage		Team ²	Coverage
(a)	Ramesh Mantri	18	Technology, Industrials, Building Materials		Ayush Abhijeet	9	Technology, Consumer Discretionary		Neeraj Parkash	4	Industrials		Darshak Lodhiya	Financials
	Parag Jariwala	14	Financials		Trupti Agrawal	13	Retail, Building Materials		Chaitanya Kapur	3	Trading Advisor	9	Srishti Bhandari	Healthcare, Pharma and Chemicals
	Rishi Maheshwari	17	Healthcare, Consumer, Realty	9	Akshay Jogani	7	Financials, Telecom		Dhanashree Chityala	2	Trading Advisor		Divyanshu Sachdeva	Metals and Building Materials
	Rohit Chordia	17	Consumer, Telecom		Aman Kapadia	3	Forensics, ESG, Primary Research	9	Vishwamithra Shashishekara		Technology, Industrials	9	Rishab Kothari	Consumer
	Sagar Arya	7	Auto, Pharma, Chemicals, Consumer		Anand Bhavnani	9	Financials		Vineet Narang		Pharma, Auto		Yash Verma	Infrastructure and Industrials

¹Employees of White Oak Capital Partners Pte.. ²White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP (WOCM) in Mumbai. WOCM also acts as the Investment Advisor, providing non-binding, non-exclusive investment research advice to offshore mandates involving Indian securities. ³ The Ratings are based on the manager's three year risk-adjusted performance across all funds the manager is managing to 31st July 2021

Investment Philosophy



Outsized returns can be earned over time by investing in great businesses at attractive valuations

Great Business

Well managed and scalable business, with superior returns on capital

Valuation

Current price at a substantial discount

to intrinsic value

Attributes we look for

Superior returns on incremental capital

Scalable long term opportunity

Strong execution and governance

Our Valuation Framework

Intrinsic value = present value of future cash flows

Value excess returns on capital vs capital employed

$$Value \ of \ a \ business = \frac{\mathit{CF}}{r-\mathit{g}}$$

Factors we evaluate

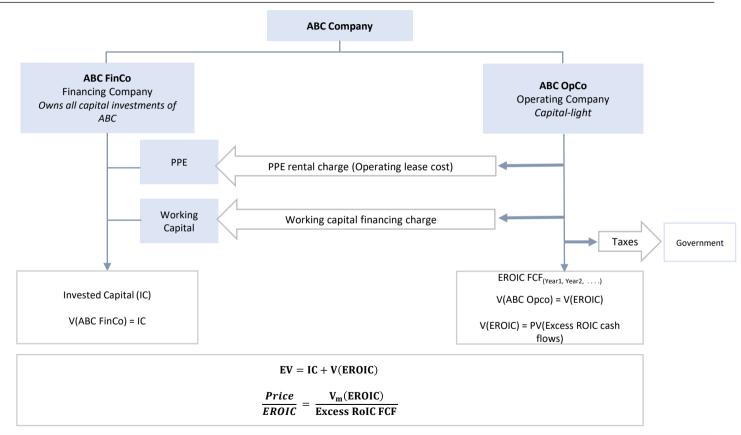
- · Industry competitive intensity
- · Sustainable competitive advantage
- Industry potential versus current size
- · Expanding market share and scope
- · Drive to create long-term value
- · Interests aligned with minority shareholders

Insights we derive

- Economic FCF rather than accounting one
- Terminal value based on greatness of business
- · Assess cash flows net of cost of capital
- OpcoFinco™ multiples for relative comps







Investment Philosophy



Aim to avoid husinesses with weaker characteristics

Poor corporate governance

Siphoning of cash or value

Manipulation of stock prices

Unethical business practices

Misaligned interests

Examples

Numerous across sectors Certain commodity companies State-owned enterprises

Weak returns on incremental capital

Excessive competition in capital-intensive industry

Misallocation of capital

Empire building

Examples

Conglomeration without capabilities

Substitution or obsolescence risk

Existential threat from technological developments

Examples

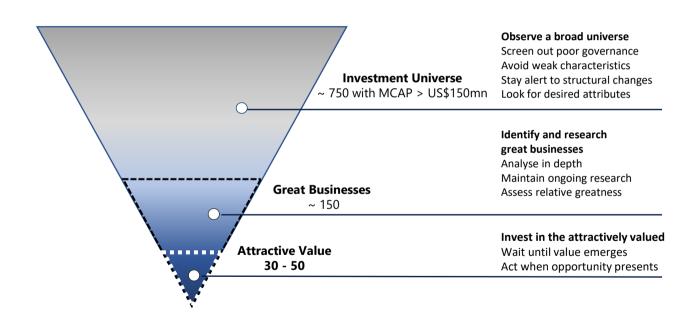
Print media from online Wind energy from solar Combustion engine from electric vehicles

Beware of value traps





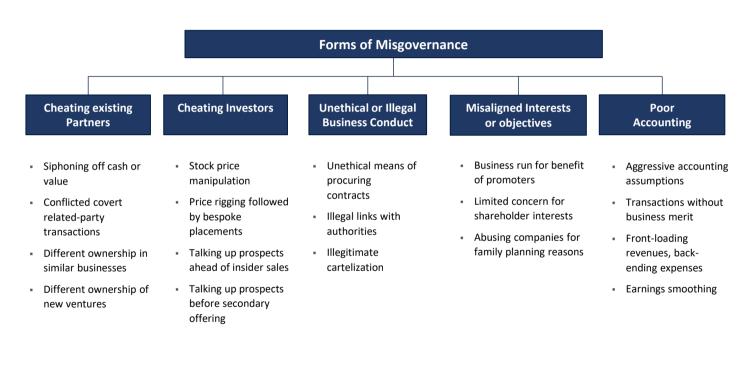
We distil from a broad investible universe



Investment Process



We aim to avoid misgoverned companies

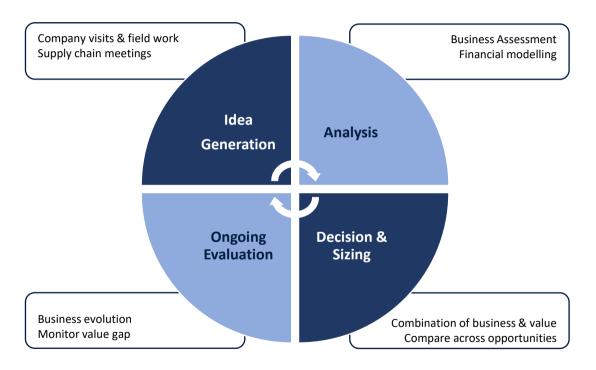


He that lieth down with dogs shall rise up with fleas – Benjamin Franklin





We aim to adhere to a time tested analytical framework in a disciplined manner



Keep perspective of business cycles, rather than accounting years



Portfolio Construction & Risk Management





Portfolio Construction & Risk Management

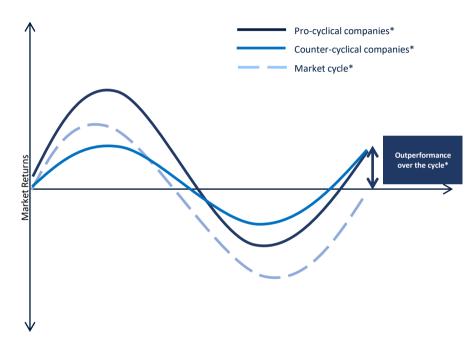
We aim to ensure performance is a result of skill rather than chance

- **Balanced portfolio** of select companies agnostic to benchmark
- Focus on ensuring alpha generation is a function of stock selection
- Aim to consciously avoid market timing or sector rotation or other such top-down bets
- Understand, monitor, and aim to contain residual factor risks that are by-product of stock selection
- · Typical exposure limits

Single stock: 10% at market value

Single promoter group: 25%

Single industry: 30%



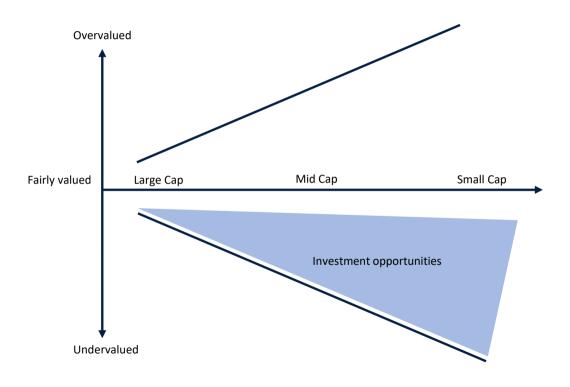
We never forget that in macro, we only have hunches: in the micro, we can develop justifiably deep conviction
- Seth Klarman

^{*}For Illustration Purpose only





Higher inefficiencies in mid and small cap







Investment Objective	Sustained capital appreciation through superior returns over time
Benchmark	S&P BSE 200 TR
Inception Date	TBD
Investment Approach	Bottom-up
Investment Style	Style Agnostic
Market Cap	Large and Mid Cap
Estimated Holdings	30 – 50



White Oak India Top 200 PMS

Portfolio Performance



22 January 2021 - 31 August 2021

	Fund	Benchmark % BSE 200 TR	Excess Returns (bps)
August 2021	6.4%	7.4%	-104
Q2 2021	10.4%	8.9%	+153
S.I. (Cumulative)	24.7%	22.5%	+222

S&P BSE 100 Large cap	S&P BSE 150 Mid cap	S&P BSE 250 Small cap
8.4%	1.9%	-2.8%
8.2%	14.4%	20.8%
21.1%	34.3%	39.9%

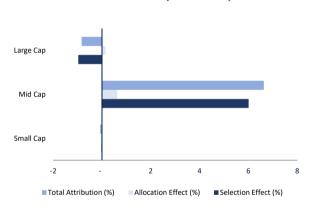
¹All indices are Net Total Return. Fund performance in INR v/s S&P BSE 200 TR Index. Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Market Cap Attribution Analysis



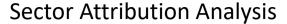
Stock selection drives performance: 22 January 2021 - 31 August 2021

Attribution by Market Cap¹



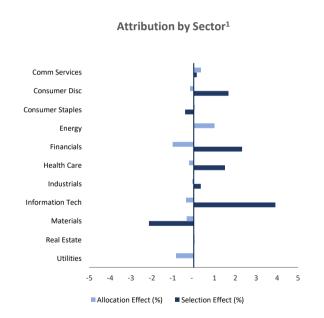
Sector	Fu	nd	Bench	ımark			
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attribution (%)
Large Cap	65.0	21.0	87.3	22.1	-1.0	0.1	-0.8
Mid Cap	29.1	49.9	12.7	24.8	6.0	0.6	6.6
Small Cap	0.6	-2.5	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Cash/Futures/Others	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	-0.3
Total	100.0	27.9	100.0	22.5	5.0	0.4	5.4

¹Bloomberg Attribution Analysis. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines for Mutual Funds. Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.





Stock selection drives performance: 22 January 2021 - 31 August 2021



Sector	Fund		Benchmark		Attribution		
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attributio n (%)
Comm Services	0.8	24.2	2.7	8.1	0.1	0.4	0.5
Consumer Disc	8.4	22.9	7.7	4.0	1.7	-0.2	1.5
Consumer Staples	7.6	12.8	8.6	17.1	-0.4	0.1	-0.4
Energy	0.0	0.0	9.7	13.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
Financials	37.4	26.4	33.2	19.4	2.3	-1.0	1.3
Health Care	10.0	38.2	5.3	21.3	1.5	-0.2	1.3
Industrials	4.5	41.2	5.8	34.2	0.3	-0.1	0.3
Information Tech	17.3	51.8	13.4	27.2	3.9	-0.4	3.5
Materials	8.1	19.7	9.5	51.5	-2.1	-0.3	-2.5
Real Estate	0.7	17.1	0.5	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.1
Utilities	0.0	0.0	3.5	52.0	0.0	-0.8	-0.8
Cash/Futures/Others	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	-0.4
Total	100.0	27.9	100.0	22.5	7.4	-1.9	5.4

¹Bloomberg Attribution Analysis: GICS Classification. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Portfolio Performance



Top 10 contributors and detractors for 22 January 2021 - 31 August 2021

Top 10 Contributors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)	
Coforge	4.2	+110.5	+269	
Bajaj Finserv	2.9	+89.1	+141	
Persistent Systems	3.0	+117.4	+140	
Dr. Lal PathLabs	1.2	+77.4	+85	
Navin Fluorine International	1.9	+61.6	+72	
Mphasis	2.9	+81.2	+66	
Astral	2.2	+63.9	+57	
Cholamandalam Investment	3.7	+31.8	+54	
ICICI Bank	8.2	+35.1	+38	
Gland Pharma	0.2	+70.4	+37	

Top 10 Detractors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)
Indigo Paints	2.3	-3.9	-85
HDFC Bank	7.2	+10.0	-70
Nestle India	5.0	+11.3	-60
Axis Bank	5.4	+1.5	-41
Intellect Design Arena	0.9	-13.9	-32
IndiaMART InterMESH	0.2	+0.8	-27
HDFC Asset Management	0.0	-5.9	-15
Larsen & Toubro Infotech	0.0	-7.5	-14
Cipla	2.3	+17.9	-13
ICICI Lombard General	1.2	+11.4	-9

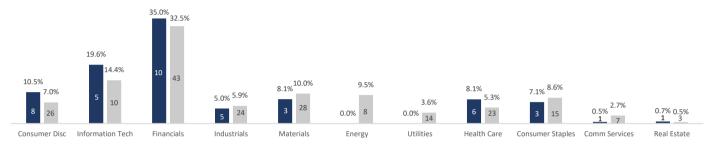
Performance related information provided herein is not verified by SEBI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Portfolio Composition



As at 31 August 2021





■ Portfolio ■ S&P BSE 200

Market Cap Weights^{1,2}



¹The number inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. ETF's and Index futures are included in large cap. ² Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines for Mutual Funds.



Case Studies*

The following case studies are illustrative examples only. The illustrated companies included here may or may not necessarily be held in any portfolio at any time in the past or currently.

Case Studies* - Infoedge



info**edge**

India's leading classifieds company

- Infoedge's Naukri.com is India's dominant online jobs portal with 70%+ traffic share. It also owns 99acres.com which is the No. 1 online real-estate classifieds portal with 50% traffic share
- India's low internet penetration provides a long runway of growth for these dominant classified businesses
- Management has an excellent track record of execution. It has also made investments in India's leading food delivery company (Zomato), and India's top online policy aggregator (Policybazar)





The following case studies are illustrative examples only. The illustrated companies included here may or may not necessarily be held in any portfolio at any time in the past or currently.



Structure and Key Terms

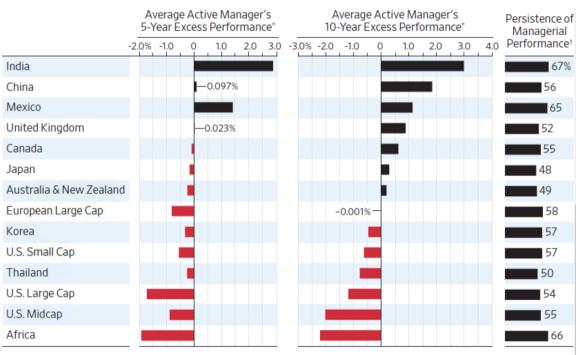
Investment Approach	White Oak India Top 200 PMS						
Structure	Discretionary Portfolio Management Ser	Discretionary Portfolio Management Services					
Portfolio Manager	White Oak Capital Management Consult	White Oak Capital Management Consultants LLP					
Investment Objective	The objective of the strategy is to achieve long term capital appreciation by primarily investing in top 200 'listed securities' by market capitalisation in India. The investment strategy is long only with a bottom-up stock selection approach. The investment philosophy is, that outsized returns are earned over time by investing in great businesses at attractive values. A great business, in our view, is one that is well managed, scalable, and generates superior returns on incremental capital. Valuation is attractive when the current market price is at a substantial discount to intrinsic value.						
Minimum Investment	INR 50 lakhs						
Investment Amount &	INR 50 lakhs – INR 2 crores	> INR 5 crores					
Management Fees	2.00% per annum	1.75% per annum	1,.60% per annum				
Exit Load	Nil						
Operating Expenses	At actuals, capped at maximum prescribed by regulations						
Benchmark	S&P BSE 200 TR Index						
Custodian	ICICI Bank, Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited and HDFC Bank Limited						



Investment Case for Indian Equities

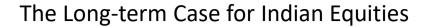


Alpha Opportunity – Most Compelling Reason to Invest



^{*}Annualized, compared with benchmark/index †Persistence of Managerial Performance = Percentage of active managers in the top half of performance from 2009 to 2013 that are in the top half of performers from 2014 to 2018

Source: The Wall Street Journal.





Economic evolution

- Once in an era transformation
- Multi-generational opportunity

Strong domestically driven growth

- Key driver for global growth over coming years
- Attractive demographics, domestic consumption and investment

Profitable and diverse corporate universe

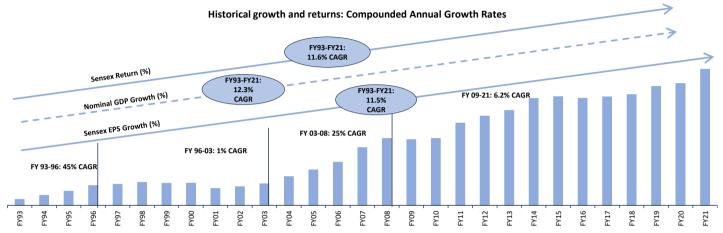
- Superior corporate profitability, superior asset mix
- Entrepreneurially driven capital allocation

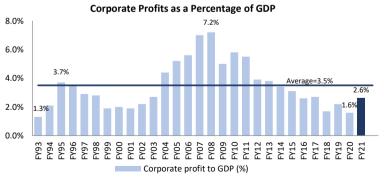
Institutional infrastructure of a mature democracy

- Independent Central Bank, Election Commission and Judiciary
- Strong property rights under a Common Law system

Corporate Earnings







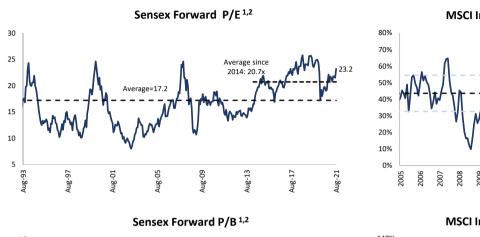
India	17.3%
Asia Pacific ex-Japan	12.4%
Emerging Markets	13.0%
World	11.1%

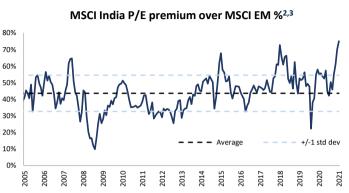
Average Return on Equity from 2000-2020

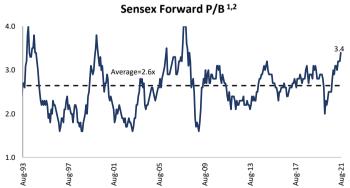
Source: Motilal Oswal Institutional Research, Spark, Bloomberg, White Oak Research.

Valuation History











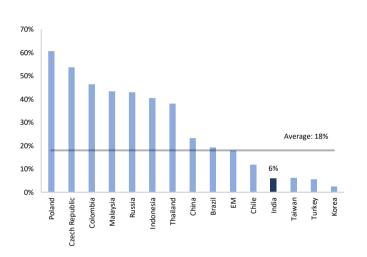
Source: Bloomberg, Motilal Oswal Institutional Research, UBS. ¹Data as of August 2021. ²Sensex is the benchmark index of India's Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Sensex is comprised of 30 of the largest and most actively-traded stocks on the BSE, providing a gauge of India's economy. ³The MSCI India Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the Indian market.



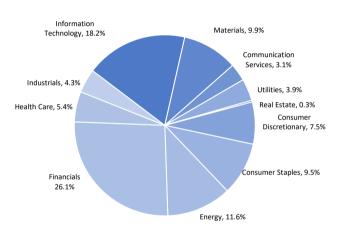


Low government ownership in India

State-Owned Enterprise weights in Emerging markets



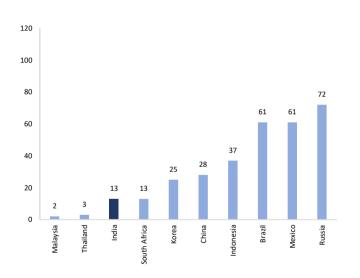
MSCI India Sector Mix



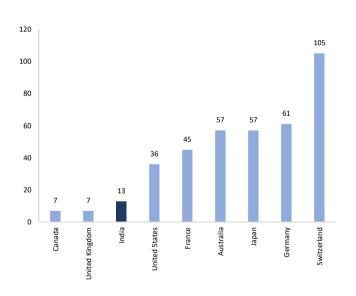
Minority Protection



Minority Investor Protection Rank – India vs EMs



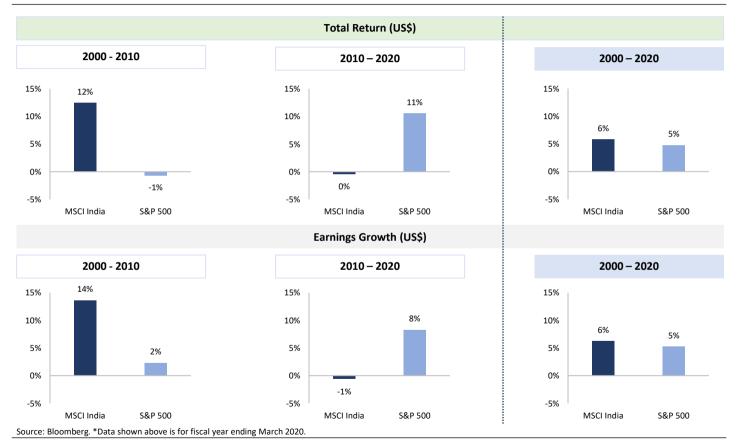
Minority Investor Protection Rank - India vs DMs



Source: World Bank Doing Business Report 2020.



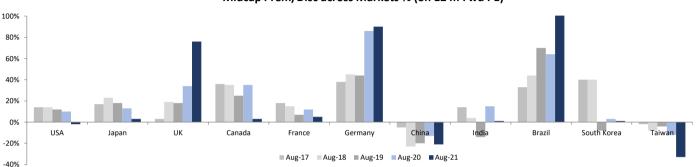
A tale of two decades – India vs US











India's historical Mid Cap vs Large Cap stocks premium % (on 12 m Fwd PE)

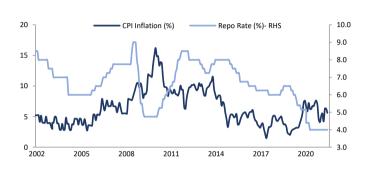


Source: Bloomberg. Data as of August 2021, data for SMID vs Large cap 12m forward PE ratio for respective country's MSCI index.

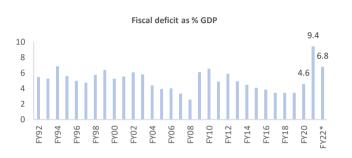




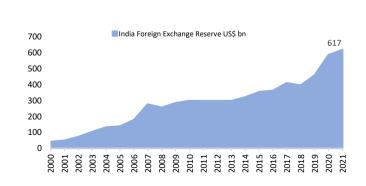




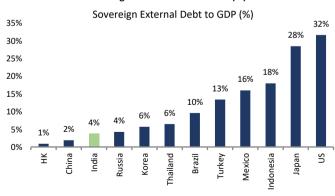
Fiscal Deficit



Forex reserves



Sovereign External Debt to GDP (%)

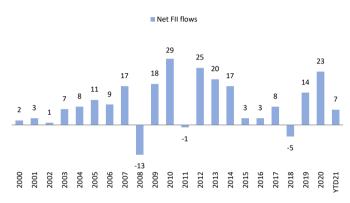


Source: Bloomberg, Reserve Bank of India. * FY222 budgeted estimate as per FY22 Union Budget announcement, Updated through August 2021.

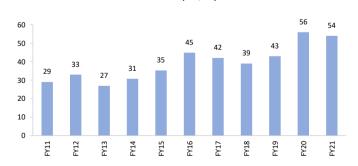
Equity Market Inflows



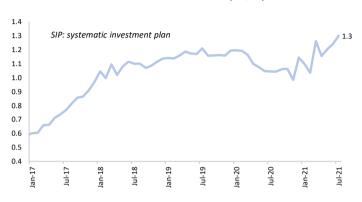
Foreign Institutional Investors (FII) Flows (USD billion)



FDI in India (US\$bn)



SIP inflows into mutual funds (US\$bn)



Domestic Savings in Equities (%)



Source: Bloomberg, NSDL, SEBI, AMFI. FII inflows data for calendar year. .



Robust Long-term Market Returns

		India			United States		
	2000	2020	Delta	2000	2020	Delta	
Economy							
Nominal GDP (\$ billion)	477	2,709	5.7x	10,285	20,933	2.0x	
Per Capita GDP (\$)	465	1,965	4.2x	35,252	63,416	1.8x	
Corporate Earnings per share (\$)1	0.2	0.6	2.8x	54	123	2.3x	
Equity Market Index (\$)1	6	22	3.9x	1,469	3,756	2.6x	
Market Cap (\$ billion)²	184	2,520	13.7x	15,226	42,641	2.8x	

Major macroeconomic and geopolitical setbacks

- 2000: coming out of Kargil war (1999) with Pakistan
- Terrorist attack on Parliament 2001, Mumbai train attacks in 2006, attacks on Mumbai Hotels in 2008
- 2008: Global Financial Crisis
- Oil Price volatility from \$25 per bbl to over \$145
- · 2010 2014: Telecom spectrum (2G) scam; Commonwealth Games scam; Coal scam; Bribe-for-loan and other scams
- 2020: Covid pandemic

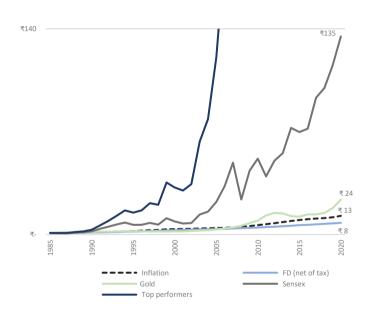
Source: Bloomberg, Reserve Bank of India. ¹MSCI India (MXIN Index), S&P 500 (SPX index). ²WCAUINDI Index, WCAUUS Index.

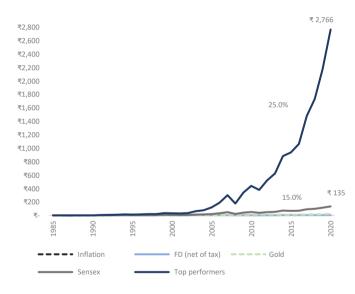


Guaranteed Real Loss vs Compounding Gains

Fixed deposit vs Equities

Equity returns since 1985





Risk to the Investment Case¹



Near term risks

- Uncertainty related to Covid pandemic
- Sharp reversal in global markets
- Sharp spike in oil prices

Other commonly held concerns

- Weak infrastructure
- Geo-political tensions
- Social unrest due to wealth disparity or caste system
- Trade wars

¹Note that these are not all the risks to the investment case but only a high level summary of certain key risks.



1QFY22 Corporate Earnings: A strong season



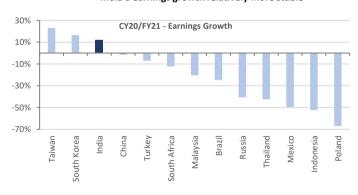
Earnings surprises continue albeit at lower pace



FY22 earnings growth forecasted to be the best since FY04



India's earnings growth relatively more stable

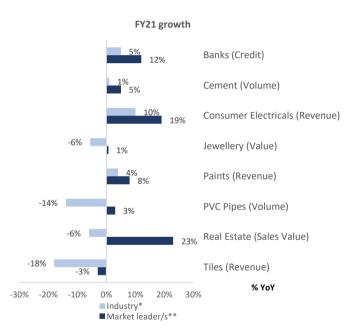


Source: Motilal Oswal, UBS, Credit Suisse, White Oak



Corporate Earnings: Structural trends emerging

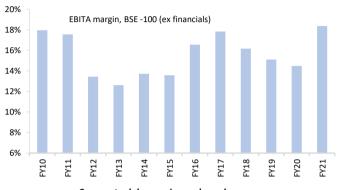
Consolidation of market share is taking place across sectors

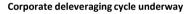


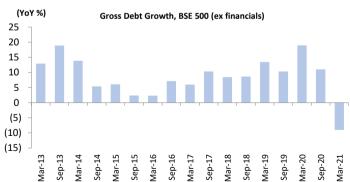
*For Consumer Electricals and Paints the industry data is for all the listed players

Source: Antique, Credit Suisse, ICICI Securities, IIFL, Jefferies, Kotak, White Oak

EBITDA margin expansion on the back of cost control







^{**} For Banks, top four private sector banks, For Real Estate, data for following listed developers: Oberoi, Sunteck, Godrej Properties, Brigade, Sobha, Prestige and DLF



Structural Reforms to further 'Ease of Doing Business'

Labour reforms & competitive federalism

- Landmark labour reforms significant simplification of complex, archaic, pre-independence era laws
- Increased instances of competitive federalism subsidies, tax concessions, easier land availability and approvals

Agriculture and mining reforms

- Amendments to Essential Commodities Act deregulation of production, supply, distribution and prices
- Liberalization of coal mining ending government's monopoly

Privatisation: non-strategic SOEs to be privatised

- Defence: Encouraging domestic production; Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) increased to 74% from 49% in key sectors
- Privatisation of Power Distribution and Airports

Strong momentum in reforms agenda...



Phase I- 'Restructuring'

- <u>GST</u>- creating a common market
- Modern bankruptcy law -Time bound resolution of bad loans
- Real Estate regulation reform- Increasing transparency in real estate

Phase II- Growth enabling

- <u>Labour reforms</u> easing of compliance burden
- Outright privatisation- Oil marketing companies, SOE banks, Logistics
- Mining & Agri reforms-Liberalisation of coal mining; sweeping changes in agri sector

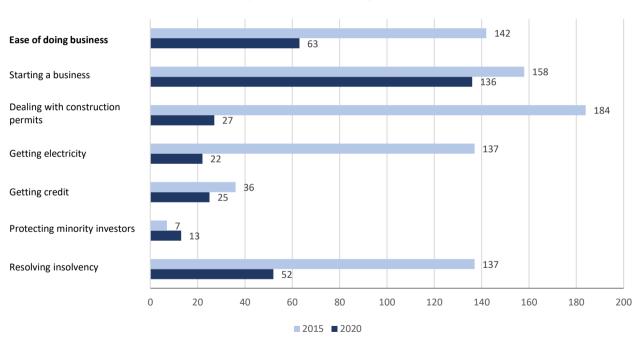
Phase III- Growth enhancing

- Corporate tax rate cuts -India's tax rate the lowest among EMs
- Production Linked Incentives (PLI) - facilitating 'Make in India'
- National Infrastructure
 <u>Pipeline -</u> addressing infra
 bottlenecks, improving
 competitiveness of the
 economy



...Reflected in improved 'Ease of Doing Business' rankings

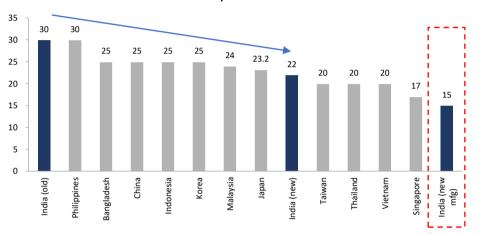
Ranks across various components of Ease of Doing Business (across 189 countries)



Landmark Tax Reforms



Base tax rate comparison across SE Asia



- Biggest tax reform after Goods and Services Tax (GST) since the mid-90s, eliminating risk of rising tax expectations
- Reduced cost of doing business in India to attract new investments in the country
- Adds momentum to the formalization of the economy by increasing tax compliance

In September 2019,
effective corporate tax
rates reduced from 35% to
25% for all companies and
to 17% for new
manufacturing companies

Making corporate India competitive

PLI: A potential gamechanger for manufacturing



Sector	Size (US\$bn)
Auto & Comps	7.8
Electronics manufacturing	6.7
EV battery/cell- manufacturing	2.4
Pharma	2.1
Food products	1.5
White goods	0.9
Others	5.6
Total	27.0

What is different?

Time bound

Focus on creating 'national champions'

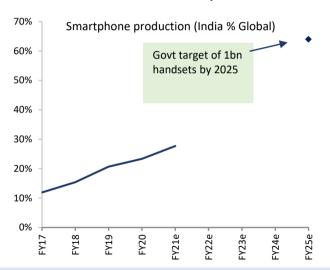
Incremental production (not only exports)



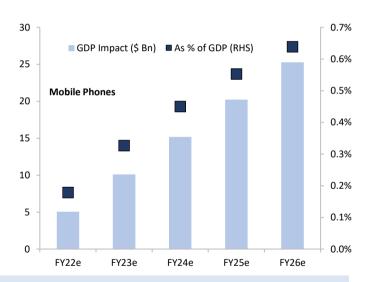
Electronics sector: Production target of \$143bn in 5 years

Make in India

India's share in smartphone manufacturing has doubled in last 2 years

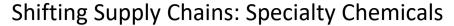


Can have significant impact on GDP as well



- Apple, Samsung, Xiaomi: scaling up India operations substantially
- During the first five months of scheme's implementation, the applicant companies have produced goods worth ~INR 350bn while generating additional employment of 22,000 jobs

Source: Credit Suisse, White Oak Research as of end February 2021.





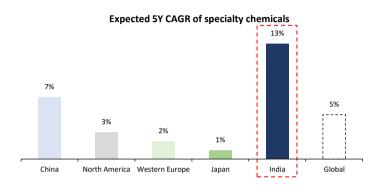
Make in India

Indian speciality chemicals industry positioned strongly to win global market share

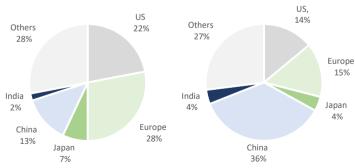
- MNCs seek to diversify procurement away from China
- · Covid has exposed global supply chain vulnerability
- China's erstwhile competitive advantages of labour cost, and lax compliance are weakening

Advantage India

- · Strong adherence to global manufacturing standards
- Capabilities in complex chemistry
- Strong IP protection







Source: UBS, Ministry of Commerce, CMIE, White Oak Research as of end February 2021.



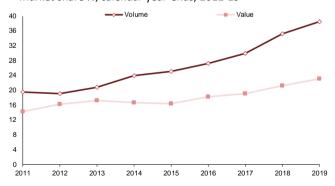


Make in India

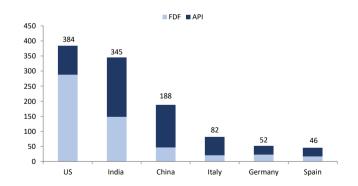
- India has over 65% of world's vaccine manufacturing capacity
- Accounts for 40% of US generic volume (largest pharma market)
- India has 2nd highest number of US FDA approved plants
- · Emerging destination for Contract Development and Manufacturing
- · Medical Tourism offers huge growth potential for India given world class infrastructure and significant cost advantage

India's market share in US generics

Market share %, calendar year-ends, 2011-19



India has the largest FDA approved plants after the US



Source: IQVIA, White Oak Research as of December 2020.





- Indian IT services is ~\$147 bn industry
 - Grown 3.6x in the past decade (11.5% CAGR)
 - Highly scalable business model
 - Five Indian vendors with c\$10bn revenue
- Sustained market share gains against global competition
 - Market share up from 6.6% in 2010 to 12.1%
 - Winning against global competitors such as IBM, DXC, Cappemini
- Global tech leaders setting up ER&D centres in India
 - · Large attractive talent pool of STEM graduates
 - · 47% of global captives set up in India
 - · Microsoft, Google, Amazon have large setups in India
 - 70-80% of H1B visas issued to Indians





Source: Nasscom, Kotak, White Oak Research as of December 2020.

Lessons from 2020



Macro-Shacro

20-20 from 2020: The futility of predicting investment returns based on macroeconomic worries and events

Lesson #1

- The usual perennial macroeconomic worries of the well-known unknowns variety are a colossal waste of time
- They hardly influence the future returns from equity markets, if any at all

Lesson #2

- Nobody has a crystal ball to forecast cataclysmic risk events of the unknown unknown variety, ex: the pandemic
- Market implications remain unpredictable even if one were bestowed with perfect prior knowledge

Lesson #3

• Investment decisions bereft of bottom up analysis, and instead driven by macro considerations, are fraught with high risk of substantial absolute and relative losses

White Oak's Perspective



The value of the market at any time is present value of aggregate perpetual future cash flows

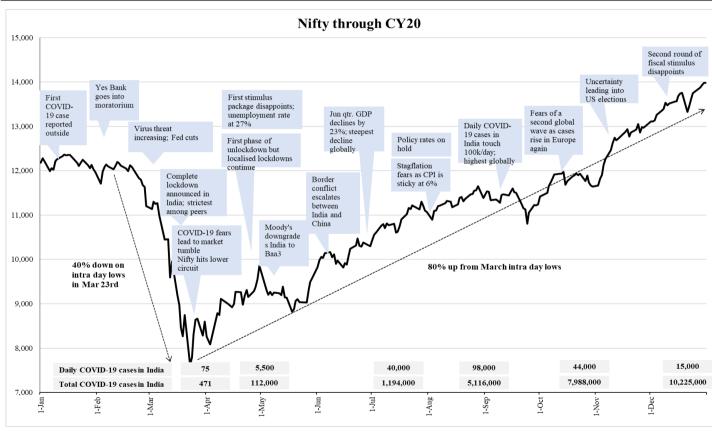
The market is fairy valued at all times

Relevance of Macro

- View macros as source of random risks, not as opportunity to add alpha
- Consciously avoid top-down misadventures market timing, sector rotation
- Stay fully invested, with a bottom up approach to investing in great businesses at attractive valuations
- Maintain a balanced portfolio construction approach at all times

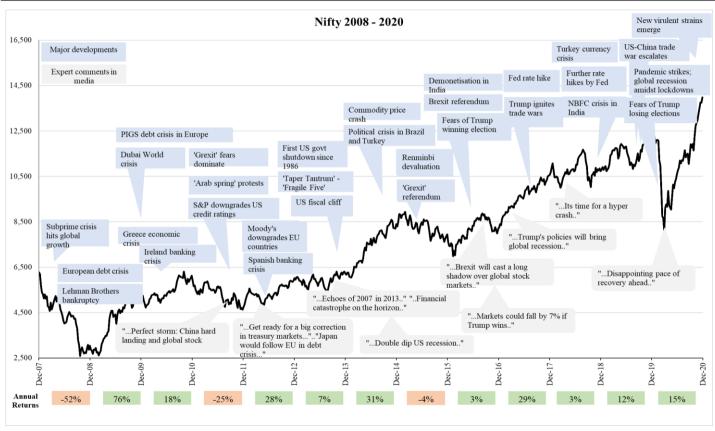
Nifty through CY 20





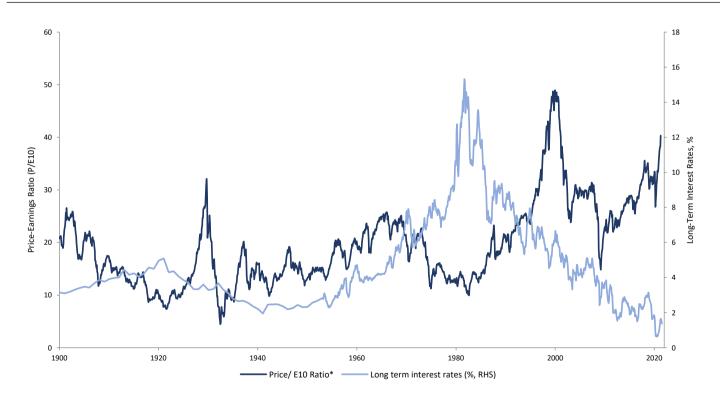








Lower interest rates have led to a structural re-rating



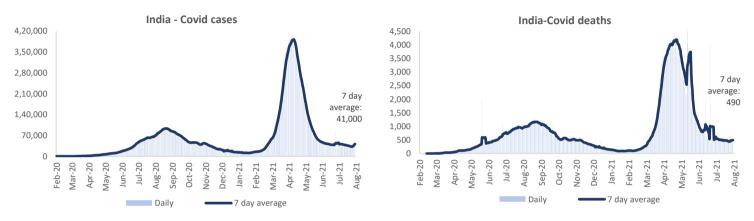
^{*}Price/ (average earnings over 10 years) or Cyclically adjusted PE (CAPE), adapted from Robert Shiller (Yale University, http://www.econ.yale.edu/~shiller/data.htm)



Covid and Vaccination – Impact on markets

WHITE OAK

Covid-19: Situation Update

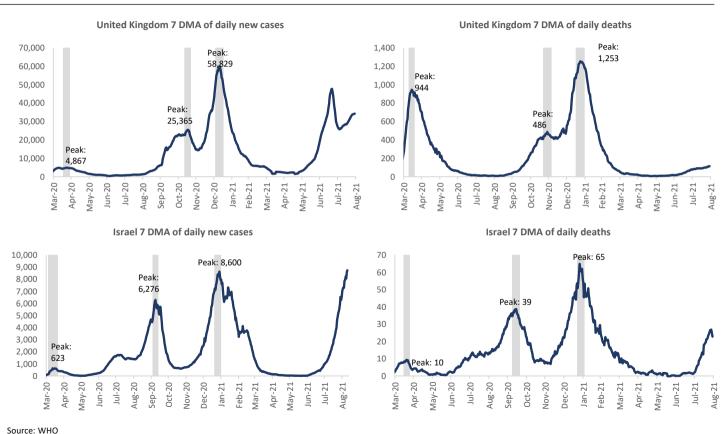


Country	Population (mn)	Median Age	Total reported cases (mn)	Total deaths	Deaths (per mn population)	Daily Deaths (peak 7 days avg)	Scaled to India's population	Severity of India on the same scale
United States	331	38.5	39.0	637,539	1,916	3,432	14,309	0.29x
India	1,380	28.7	32.8	438,210	317	4,190	4,190	1.00x
Brazil	213	33.2	20.8	579,308	2,707	3,124	20,282	0.21x
Russia	146	40.3	6.8	178,457	1,223	555	5,248	0.80x
United Kingdom	68	40.6	6.7	132,760	1,947	1,253	25,471	0.16x
Turkey	84	32.0	6.4	56,213	661	356	5,825	0.72x
Spain	47	43.9	4.8	84,000	1,797	865	25,531	0.16x
Mexico	129	29.0	3.4	258,165	1,982	1,427	15,274	0.27x
Israel	9	30.0	1.1	6,989	796	65	9,966	0.42x

Source: WHO, data as of 29th August



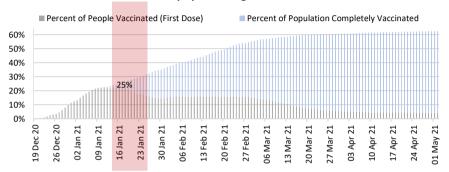
Covid-19: Vaccination contained death rates in other countries



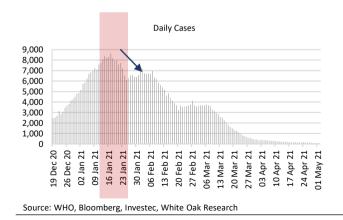




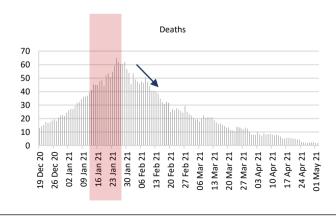
Once 25% of population got vaccinated



Case load declined

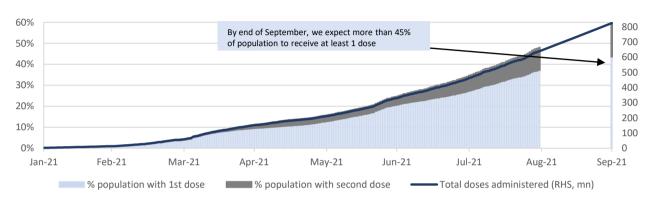


As did the death rate









Progress so far:

- Vaccination rate in August at 5mn doses/day. In the last week of August, as many as 10mn doses have been administered per day.
- 660mn doses have been administered (in absolute terms, the highest globally after China).
- Nearly 90% of the vulnerable population (45+ years) has received at least one dose.
- 58% of the population in Tier-1 cities have received at least one dose.

Roadmap ahead: Vaccine supply expected to increase through the year

- Universalization of Vaccination: 75% of vaccines under universal vaccination program free of cost at government facilities
- Private sale allowed to the extent of 25% of total supply, at predeclared prices
- Earlier, emergency authorization was granted to vaccines approved globally

Source: WHO, ICMR, Kotak, White Oak Research



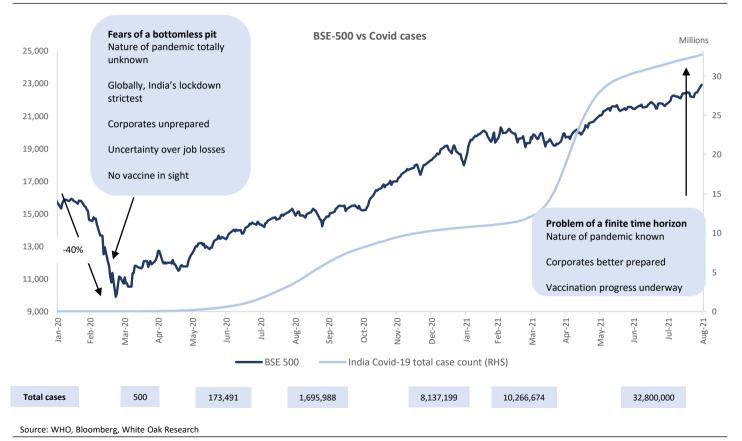
Covid-19: Lockdowns less restrictive than in first wave

	First lockdown (Mar-Apr'20)	Situation in 1QFY22 (June 2021 quarter)
Type of restrictions	Countrywide, strict	Localised, strict in many cases
Manufacturing activity	Other than essential sectors like pharma, metals, chemicals, rest stopped functioning	Most units allowed to function but with restrictions
Construction activity	Stopped	Allowed with restrictions
Public transport	Passenger trains, buses, civil aviation completely stopped	Allowed with restrictions
E-Commerce	Not allowed for non-essentials	Allowed for non-essentials in many areas
Corporate preparedness	Unprepared	Better prepared (e.g. stocking up distributors)
Systemic liquidity	Tight entering into the lockdown	Easy liquidity conditions
Oxford Stringency Index	96-100 ¹	82 ²

Source: WHO, Oxford University COVID-19 Government Response Tracker: Higher the index, higher is the 'strictness', ¹ Between Mar-Apr, 2020; ² As of July 20th , 2021

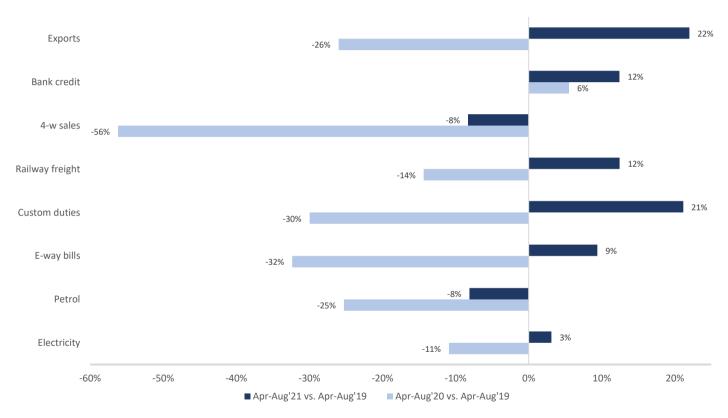


Covid-19: Market volatility absent in second wave





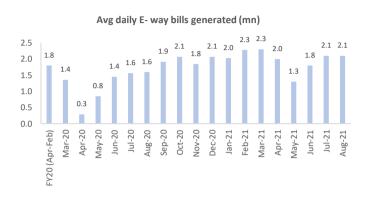
Most High Frequency Indicators back to pre-Covid levels

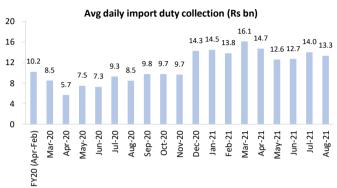


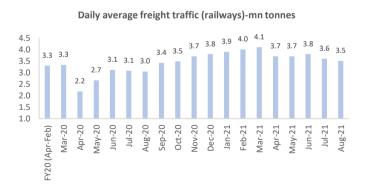
Data as on August 2021. Source: CMIE, Jefferies

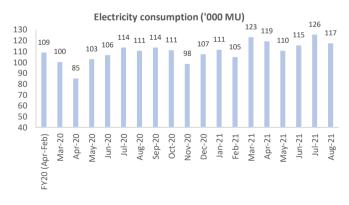


High Frequency Indicators- Recovery continues in August





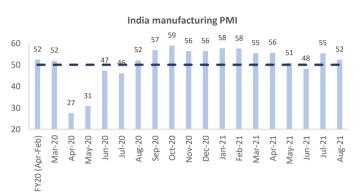


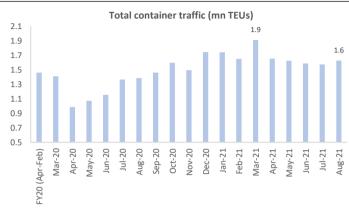


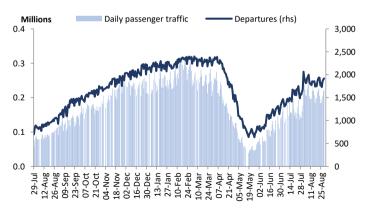
Source: Kotak, CMIE, White Oak Research

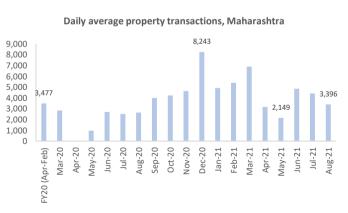


High Frequency Indicators- Recovery continues in August









Source: Kotak, CMIE, White Oak Research



Appendix



Portfolio Performance - India Acorn Fund Limited*

01 September 2017 - 31 August 2021, Net of Fees in INR

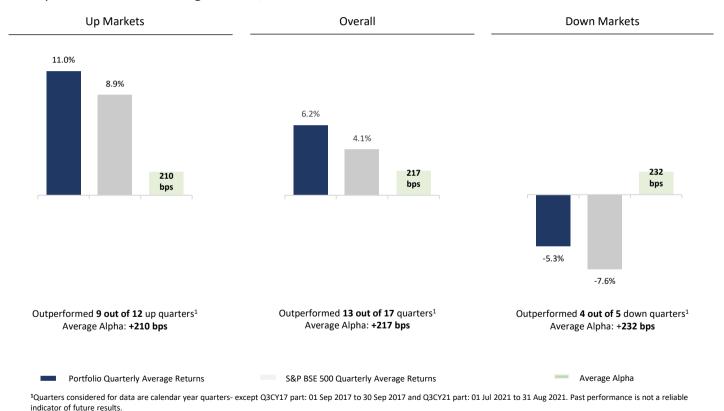
	Fund	Benchmark % S&P BSE 500 ¹	Excess Returns (bps)
YTD 2021	33.2%	27.7%	+554
2020	38.9%	18.4%	+2049
2019	13.4%	9.0%	+444
2018	1.3%	-1.8%	+310
Partial 2017	20.6%	9.2%	+1140
S.I. (Annualised) ²	26.5%	15.3%	+1124
S.I. (Cumulative) ²	156.5%	76.7%	+7975

S&P BSE 100 Large cap ¹	S&P BSE 150 Mid cap ¹	S&P BSE 250 Small cap ¹
24.5%	39.8%	44.0%
16.6%	26.3%	27.9%
11.8%	0.9%	-8.4%
3.0%	-13.0%	-23.7%
7.0%	16.7%	17.7%
15.6%	16.0%	10.9%
78.9%	80.9%	51.4%

India Acorn Fund (Cayman): 01 Sept 2017. ¹All indices are Net Total Return. ² The NAV for 31 August 2021 is based on estimates and hence the performance might be restated post the final valuation. The performance is net of all fees and expenses for Founder class shares at the Master Fund level. Fund performance in INR v/s S&P BSE 500 TR Index. The performance is after accounting for all taxes paid on realized gains but doesn't account for potential taxes on unrealized gains. Please note the published NAV of India Acorn Fund (Cayman) is after adjusting for potential taxes on unrealised gain, and to that extent its performance may differ from the above. Performance is calculated using Net NAV of India Acorn Fund (Cayman).
*White Oak Capital Management acts as an investment advisor to India Acorn Fund Limited. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Average Quarterly Performance in Different Market Environments OAK

01 September 2017 – 31 August 2021, for Founder class shares



69

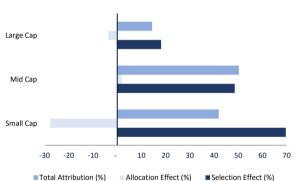


Market Cap Attribution Analysis - India Acorn Fund Limited*

Stock selection drives performance: 01 September 2017 - 31 August 2021



Attribution by Market Cap¹



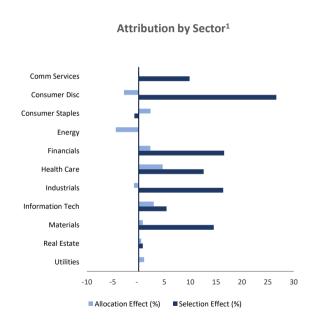
Sector	Fund		Benchmark		Attribution		
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attribution (%)
Large Cap	42.0	145.2	79.7	85.8	18.1	-3.7	14.4
Mid Cap	24.5	337.0	13.6	66.1	48.6	1.7	50.3
Small Cap	28.0	239.9	6.8	15.3	69.6	-27.7	41.9
Cash/Futures/Others	5.5	2.2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-4.9
Total	100.0	178.4	100.0	76.8	136.3	-34.6	101.7

¹Factset Attribution Analysis. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. Market Cap Classification as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) guidelines for Mutual Funds. * White Oak Capital Management acts as an investment advisor to India Acorn Fund Limited.



Sector Attribution Analysis - India Acorn Fund Limited*

Stock selection drives performance: 01 September 2017 - 31 August 2021



Sector	Fund		Bench	Benchmark		Attribution			
	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Average Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Total Attributio n (%)		
Comm Services	3.7	261.9	2.6	16.8	9.9	-0.1	9.7		
Consumer Disc	14.9	168.2	9.6	23.6	26.6	-2.8	23.8		
Consumer Staples	8.4	50.0	9.4	60.7	-0.8	2.3	1.5		
Energy	0.0	0.0	9.5	94.9	0.0	-4.4	-4.4		
Financials	27.0	119.0	32.0	52.1	16.6	2.3	18.8		
Health Care	9.1	338.1	5.3	114.9	12.6	4.7	17.2		
Industrials	7.8	234.9	7.2	54.6	16.4	-0.9	15.5		
Information Tech	13.4	393.1	11.3	252.1	5.4	2.9	8.3		
Materials	9.6	330.5	9.4	104.1	14.5	0.8	15.3		
Real Estate	0.6	-2.6	0.6	47.1	0.8	0.5	1.3		
Utilities	0.0	0.0	3.1	83.5	0.0	1.1	1.1		
Cash/Futures/Others	5.5	2.2	0.0	0.0	-	-	-6.5		
Total	100.0	178.4	100.0	76.8	101.9	-0.2	101.7		

¹Factset Attribution Analysis: GICS Classification. Performance is gross of fees, taxes and expenses. * White Oak Capital Management acts as an investment advisor to India Acorn Fund Limited.



Portfolio Performance - India Acorn Fund Limited*

Top 10 contributors and detractors for 01 September 2017 - 31 August 2021

Top 10 Contributors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)	
Larsen & Toubro Infotech	0.0	+395.9	+813	
Info Edge India	0.4	+508.5	+733	
Navin Fluorine International	2.3	+626.0	+596	
IPCA Laboratories	0.0	+269.6	+542	
V I P Industries	0.0	+15.3	+530	
KEI Industries	0.0	+35.6	+512	
L&T Technology Services	0.9	+369.3	+493	
Dixon Technologies	2.2	+552.9	+486	
Balkrishna Industries	0.0	+6.7	+429	
Coforge	4.3	+379.5	+418	

Top 10 Detractors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Alpha (bps)	
Dishman Carbogen	0.0	-65.1	-300	
Bharti Airtel	0.0	-12.9	-275	
Karur Vysya Bank	0.0	-20.4	-240	
Camlin Fine Sciences	0.0	-57.3	-227	
Godrej Industries	0.0	-33.3	-144	
Heritage Foods	0.0	-22.1	-140	
Maruti Suzuki India	0.5	-19.2	-120	
Infosys	5.9	+93.1	-111	
Indigo Paints	2.3	-6.0	-100	
ABB India	0.0	-5.4	-92	

^{*} White Oak Capital Management acts as an investment advisor to India Acorn Fund Limited. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.



Assets Under Management or Advisory: US\$ 5.3 bn

Name of Portfolio	India Acorn Fund	White Oak India Equity Fund (II, Select & IV)	Portfolio Management Services (PMS)	Ashoka India Equity Investment Trust PLC	Ashoka India Opportunities Fund (UCITS & ESG)	Institutional Mandates
Details	An open-ended offshore fund domiciled in Mauritius as a Collective Investment Scheme	A closed-end onshore fund domiciled in India as a Category III Alternative Investment Fund (AIF)	Separately managed individual accounts	Closed-end Investment Company (Listed on LSE)	An open-ended ICAV fund domiciled in Ireland as a Collective Investment Scheme	Separately Managed Accounts
Launch date	September 2017	March 2019 May 2020 and April 2021	Various	July 2018	December 2018	Various
AUM¹	\$345 m	\$383 m	\$777 m	\$242 m	\$1,273 m	\$2,312 m
Market Cap Composition	60-40% mid/small cap	60-40% mid/small cap	Various	60-40% mid/small cap	50-65% large cap 35-50% mid/small cap	Various
Core client base	US/Europe/Asia institutions, family offices and HNIs	Onshore Indian family offices & HNIs	Onshore Indian family offices & HNIs	UK HNIs & family offices	European private banks & family offices	Institutions, family offices

¹ Data as on 31 August 2021

Profiles of Investment Professionals



Prashant Khemka, CFA

Founder, White Oak Capital Management Consultants

Prashant founded White Oak Capital Management in June 2017. Prior to this he was the CIO and lead portfolio manager of GS India Equity at Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM) during March 2007 to March 2017, and also for the Global Emerging Markets (GEM) Equity during June 2013 to March 2017. As lead PM, he managed all mutual funds and separate accounts under these strategies. Prashant started his professional investing career in 1998 at SSGA in Boston as senior portfolio officer of Enhanced International equity in the quant group. He started his career at GSAM in 2000 as a research analyst in US Growth Equity, and by 2004 he rose to become Senior Portfolio Manager and Co-Chair of the Investment Committee, Prashant returned to Mumbai in 2006 to start GSAM India business and served as the CIO and CEO/Co-CEO of their domestic Asset Management Company. In 2013, in addition to India he was also made the CIO and lead PM of GEM equity. He won several accolades as the CIO and Lead PM of GS India Equity. He and his fund won several awards including AAA rating from Citywire and Elite rating from Fund calibre among others. Prashant graduated with honors from Mumbai University with a BE in Mechanical Engineering and earned an MBA in Finance from Vanderbilt University, where he received the Matt Wigginton Leadership Award for outstanding performance in Finance. He was awarded the CFA designation in 2001 and is a fellow of the Ananta Aspen Centre, India.

Manoj Garg

Senior Investment Analyst

Manoj has 24 years of relevant experience. He has a strong track record in equity research in healthcare and pharmaceuticals over the last 11 years working as lead analyst at leading brokerage houses in India. Most recently, he was with Merrill Lynch where he was highest voted analyst by external as well as internal clients. He ranked #1 / #2 in the All Asia Institutional Survey 2015/2016 in the Healthcare category. He began his career in the pharmaceutical industry working with companies like Cipla and Ipca for 10 years. He graduated as Gold medallist from Nagpur University with an MBA in Finance.

Ramesh Mantri

Senior Investment Analyst

Ramesh has 17 years of experience in investing and financial analysis across sectors. Ramesh had founded Ashoka Capital Advisers that advised a fund and family offices on equity investment in South Asia. Earlier, he was part of the two member team which invested in South Asia in equity and debt for Alden Global Capital, a US based hedge fund for over 7 years. Prior to this he was an analyst at CRISIL (majority owned by Standard and Poor's), India's leading rating agency and covered the financial sector. Ramesh is a CFA charter holder, MBA from Faculty of Management Studies, Delhi and passed the Chartered Accountancy course.

Parag Jariwala, CFA

Senior Investment Analyst

Parag has completed over 13 years in institutional equity research Banking and Financial Services Institutions (BFSI) sector. Prior to joining White Oak, he worked as a lead analyst with Religare Capital. Before that he has worked with Macquarie and other domestic sell side firms covering BFSI sector. He was highly rated by marquee institutional clients for his original think pieces and primary research work in the sector. Parag is a chartered accountant and MBA from K J Somaiya Institute of Management of Mumbai University. He also holds CFA charter from the CFA Institute (AIMR).

Profiles of Investment Professionals



Rishi Maheshwari

Senior Investment Analyst

Rishi has 16 years of private equity and investment banking experience gained in the US, India and Middle East. Prior to his current role, he served as a Managing Director of The Abraaj Group's deal execution team in South Asia. His responsibilities included investment strategy development, local relationship management (including regulators), deal sourcing & execution and portfolio monitoring (including board participation). Prior to joining Abraaj, he worked in the Investment Banking division at Goldman Sachs in New York & Chicago before moving to India as a part of Goldman's start-up team. At Goldman Sachs, he was a part of the Industrials Group and was involved in 10+ transactions, including sell-side and buyside M&A's, bank & bond financings and equity offerings. Additionally, he assisted the Executive Office in various capacities regarding India operations.

Rishi holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from the Indiana University, Bloomington.

Rohit Chordia

Senior Investment Analyst

Rohit has over 16 years of total experience with over 14 years in the investment industry having covered the Indian Telecom, Consumers and IT services sectors as a sell-side analyst at Kotak Institutional Equities. Rohit was consistently ranked amongst the top analysts in both his lead coverage sectors in polls conducted by Institutional Investor and Asia Money. Prior to his sell-side stint, Rohit spent a couple of years working with Ameriprise Financial as a financial analyst on areas like competitive intelligence and cost reengineering.

Rohit holds a Post Graduate Diploma in Management from IIM Calcutta and a B.E. (Honours) degree from BITS, Pilani.

Sagar Arya

Investment Analyst

Sagar has 6 years of experience in credit and venture capital. Prior to joining White Oak Capital, he worked as a Senior Associate at DMI Capital and was responsible for investment decisions across sectors like Healtchcare, Renewables, Chemicals and Consumer. He also worked as an Investment Advisor at Angaros, a Singapore based Venture Capital. He received a Bachelor's degree in Commerce from Delhi University and has done Masters in Finance from SP Jain School of Global Management. He is also pursuing CFA and is a Level 3 candidate.

Ayush Abhijeet

Investment Analyst

Prior to joining White Oak Capital Ayush worked as an Investment Analyst at Avendus Capital in Indian public equities. Before starting a career in Investment Management he had stints with Deutsche Bank and Credit Suisse in macro structuring and trading in Mumbai. He also had a short stint with UBS Investment Bank's FICC trading desk in Singapore. He holds a B.Tech from IIT Delhi and a PGDM from IIM Ahmedabad.

Trupti Agrawal

Investment Analyst

Trupti has 12 years of total work experience, since starting her career as a statutory auditor with Ernst & Young's affiliate in India, S. R. Batliboi & Co. She later joined the credit team at L&T Infrastructure Finance Limited where she was responsible for evaluating credit for large projects and corporate finance deals across Infrastructure, Resources and Capital goods. She has also been an entrepreneur and has run her own ecommerce venture prior to joining White Oak Capital.

Trupti is a Chartered Accountant and a graduate of commerce from Osmania University.

Profiles of Investment Professionals



Akshay Jogani

Investment Analyst

Akshay has five years of private equity and investment banking experience in India. Prior to his current role at White Oak, Akshay worked as an Associate in the Investment team at Multiples Alternate Asset Management, an India focussed private equity fund where he evaluated investment opportunities in Financial Services, Healthcare and Technology sectors. His responsibilities included deal sourcing, investment analysis, and managing portfolio value creation activities. Prior to Multiples, Akshay worked in the Investment Banking division at Rothschild in the Mumbai office where he was a part of the Telecom Media and Technologies, and the Transportation group. Akshay was involved in marquee transactions in the sector including spectrum auctions, M&As and buy and sell-side advisory.

Akshay holds a Bachelor of Engineering in Telecommunications from the Mumbai University and an MBA in Finance & Strategy from the Indian School of Business

Anand Bhavnani, CFA | FRM

Investment Analyst

Anand has more than 9 years of experience across Equity Research, Fund Management and Derivatives. Before joining White Oak, at Unifi Capital he assisted the CIO in managing Blend & Deep Value Discount (DVD) funds and tracked Chemicals, Pharma and select midcaps across sectors. Prior to Unifi Capital, he worked with Sameeksha Capital and had a short stint with Citi Global Markets in London. He started his career in financial markets as a Derivatives trader with Futures First.

Anand has done M Sc. in Financial Economics from University of Oxford and graduated with distinction from Nirma Institute of Technology in Electronics & Communication engineering.

Aman Kapadia

Management Trainee

Prior to joining White Oak Capital, Aman has worked as an Investigative Journalist with BloombergQuint where he was responsible for research and reportage of corporate governance issues. Prior to that, Aman worked as an Internal Auditor with Sharp & Tannan Associates for a total of 3 years as an articled assistant and later as employee. Aman is a Chartered Accountant and a graduate of commerce from Veer Narmad South Gujarat University.

Sanjay Vaid

Trading Advisor

Sanjay has over 31 years of experience in the asset management, equity trading, and equities broking industry. Prior to joining us he was Director & Head of Equity Sales Trading at Religare Capital Markets. Before that he was Executive Director — Fundamental Equity trading at Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM), responsible for trading for GS India equity fund. Before joining GSAM, he was Co-Head Equities at SBICAP Securities. Prior to that he was responsible for trading at HSBC Asset Management and SBI Mutual Fund, which are amongst the largest India funds. Sanjay began his career with Unit Trust of India, working in various capacities for 15 years. Sanjay graduated with honors in Economics from Delhi University and earned an MBA in Finance from Faculty of Management Studies, Delhi University. He is a Certified Associate of Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB).

Chaitanya Kapur

Trading Advisor

Chaitanya is a Chartered Accountant and has received a bachelor's degree in Commerce (Accounting and Finance) from Mumbai University. He has worked as an Articled Assistant at Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP where he worked on statutory audits in the Automobile, Financial services, Pharmaceutical, Chemicals and Industrial sectors.

WHITE OAK

Wise Words that Reflect Our Thinking

- Investing is a marathon not a sprint Anonymous
- To time the market is not merely difficult, its impossible White Oak
 Borrowed from "Don ko pakadna mushkil hi nahin, namumkin hai" Bollywood movie Don, 1978
- Investor returns are a function of time in the market rather than timing the market Anonymous
- We never forget that in macro, we only have hunches: in the micro, we can develop justifiably deep conviction -Seth Klarman, 2017
- Don't miss the forest for the trees John Heywood, 1546
- Don't miss the trees for the forest Anonymous
- He that lieth down with dogs shall rise up with fleas Benjamin Franklin, 1739
- Stay hungry. Stay foolish Whole Earth Catalog, 1971
- Far more money has been lost by investors preparing for corrections, or trying to anticipate corrections, than has been lost in corrections themselves *Peter Lynch*
- Absent a lot of surprises, stocks are relatively predictable over twenty years. As to whether they're going to be higher or lower in two to three years, you might as well flip a coin to decide. — Peter Lynch
- It is unwise to be too sure of one's own wisdom Mahatma Gandhi



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